

Agricultural and Environmental extension Services Laboratories (AESL)

Fee Schedule

2016











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Part I

FEE Schedule

I. Soil Analyses

A. Routine, Specials, and Greenhouse Mixes

Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
S 1	Routine Test	6.00	SPW
	pH Calcium (Ca) Lime requirement Magnesium (Mg) Phosphorus (P) Zinc (Zn) Potassium (K) Manganese (Mn)		
S1A	pH only	5.00	SPW
S1C	Cast (Calcium Soil Test - Peanut Pegging Zone) Mehlich method (Ca, K)	5.00	SPW
S2	S1 + Na, Fe, Cu, Cr, Mo, Ni, Cd, Pb + CEC (Cation Exchange Capacity) by Mehlich I sum, Percent Base Saturation	12.00	SPW
S2A	S2 by Ammonium Acetate Extraction	15.00	SPW
S 3	Boron (Hot water extractable)	12.00	SPW
S4	Soluble Salts (electrical conductivity - EC)	12.00	SPW
S5	Texture by Hydrometer (% sand, silt, clay)	18.00	SPW
S6	Organic Matter (loss on ignition, LOI)	10.00	SPW
S 7	Nitrate-Nitrogen (KCl extractable NO3-N)	15.00	SPW
S 8	Ammonium-Nitrogen (KCl extractable NH4-N)	15.00	SPW
S9	Nitrite-Nitrogen (KCl extractable NO2-N)	15.00	SPW
S10	Exchangeable Aluminum (KCl extraction)	15.00	SPW
S11	Potting Mix/Greenhouse/Nursery Media Test (saturated extract)	40.00	SPW
	pH Calcium (Ca) Ammonium (NH4-N) Phosphorus (P) Magnesium (Mg) Soluble Salts (SS) Potassium (K) Nitrate (NO3-N)		
S12	pH only (for S11 only)	10.00	SPW

Test No.		Fee (\$)	Lab			
S13	Phosphorus (P) Potassium (K) Calcium (Ca) Iron (Fe) Magnesium (Mg)	sis (acid digestion) S Manganese (Mn) Molybdenum (Mo) Boron (B) Copper (Cu) Nickel (Ni)	creening - Non trad Sodium (Na) Sulfur (S) Zinc (Zn) Aluminum (Al) Arsenic (As)	ce levels Cadmium (Cd) Chromium (Cr) Lead (Pb)	30.00	SPW
S14	Total organic carbon (TOC)			15.00	SPW
S15	Olsen (NaHCO3) extra	ctable P			12.00	SPW
S16	Phosphorus Adsorption	on Isotherm			50.00	SPW
S17	Mercury (Hg) - acid dig	estion			50.00	SPW
S18	Gypsum Subsoil Test	for Alfalfa			20.00	SPW
S20	Total Carbon (C) OR T	otal Nitrogen (N)			10.00	SPW
S21	Total Carbon (C) AND	Total Nitrogen (N)			18.00	SPW
S22	Extractable Chloride [Ca(NO3)2 extraction]			12.00	SPW
S23		ons Phosphate (PO4) Sulfate (SO4)			40.00	SPW
S24	Any one anion in \$23				12.00	SPW
			Paste Extract SPE Preparation: § m sample volume	\$20		
S26	Saturated Paste Extra Sodium Adsorption Rati		Na		40.00	SPW
S27	Saturated Paste Extra Soluble Salts/Electrical				30.00	SPW
S28	Saturated Paste Extract Anions (Cl, PO4, F, SO4, NO3-N)				50.00	SPW
S29	Saturated Paste Extra pH	25.00	SPW			
S30	Saturated Paste Extra SAR, Ca, Mg, K, Na , E		IO3-N, pH		80.00	SPW
S31	Saturated Paste Extra % Moisture Content	ct			25.00	SPW

Test No.		Fee (\$)	Lab					
S32	Bulk density (pre-cored	Bulk density (pre-cored, soil volume pre-determined or provided by client)						
S34	Sr(NO3)2-extractable Ca	Sr(NO3)2-extractable Ca, Mg, K, Na						
S35	Ca(NO3)2-extractable Fe	Ca(NO3)2-extractable Fe, Al						
S36	Basic Soil Salinity Test Calcium (Ca ²⁺) Magnesium (Mg ²⁺) Potassium (K ⁺)	,	Total Soluble Salts (TSS) Sodium Adsorption Ratio (SAR)	35.00	SPW			
\$37	Comprehensive Soil Sa (Saturated Paste Extra (Includes: S2A, S26, S2 (Minimum sample qual Calcium (Ca ²⁺) Magnesium (Mg ²⁺)	95.00	SPW					
	Potassium (K ⁺) Sodium (Na ⁺)	Chloride (Cl ⁻) Nitrate-nitrogen (NO3-N) pH	Exchangeable Sodium Percentage (ESP) Sodium Adsorption Ratio (SAR)					

	B. Microbiological Test							
Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab					
S38	Fecal Coliform in Soil	46.00	FEW					

	C. Trace Level Analysis								
Test No.		Fee (\$)	Lab						
S41	Priority Pollutants Antimony (Sb) Arsenic (As) Beryllium (Be)	S By ICP-AVOES Cadmium (Cd) Chromium (Cr) Copper (Cu)	Lead (Pb) Nickel (Ni) Selenium (Se)	Silver (Ag) Thallium (TI) Zinc (Zn)	150.00 (+ \$10 any additional element in S42)	SPW			

Test No.			Description		Fee (\$)	Lab
\$42	Any one of Availab Aluminum (AI) Antimony (Sb) Arsenic (As) Barium (Ba) Beryllium (Be) Bismuth (Bi) Boron (B) Cadmium (Cd) Calcium (Ca)	le Metals and/or Non-M Chromium (Cr) Cobalt (Co) Copper (Cu) Gold (Au) Iron (Fe) Lead (Pb) Magnesium (Mg) Manganese (Mn) Molybdenum (Mo)	Nickel (Ni) Palladium* (Pd) Phosphorus (P) Potassium (K) Selenium (Se) Silicon (Si) Silver (Ag) Sodium (Na) Strontium (Sr)	Sulfur (S) Thallium (TI) Tin (Sn) Titanium (Ti) Vanadium (V) Zinc (Zn)	50.00 (+ \$10 any additional element)	SPW

	D. Pesticide and Organic Analysis		
Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
S44	Chlorinated Hydrocarbon & Organic Phosphate Insecticide (Screen)	100.00	CEQ
	Aldrin Dieldrin Lindane PCB 1242 Chlordane Endrin Malathion PCB 1254 Chlorpyrifos Endrin Aldehyde Methoxychlor PCB 1260 DDD Ethion Methyl Parathion Toxaphene DDE Heptachlor Mirex DDT Heptachlor Epoxide Parathion		
S45	Herbicide Analysis (Screen)	100.00	CEQ
	Alachlor EPTC Oxadiazon Propachlor Atrazine Hexazinone Oxyfluorfen Propazine Benfluralin Isopropalin Pebulate Simazine Bromacil Metolachlor Pendimethalin Terbacil Butylate Metribuzin Prodiamine Trifluralin Cycloate Molinate Profluralin Vernolate		
S46	Phenoxy Acid Herbicide Analysis	100.00	CEQ
	2-4-D 2,4,5-T Dicamba Triclopyr 2,4-DB 2,4,5-TP Picloram MCPP * * Special request (by HPLC Method)		
S47	Termiticide Analysis Chlorpyrifos Cypermethrin Pydrin Chlordane Bifenthrin Permethrin	100.00	CEQ

Test No.		Fee (\$)	Lab	
S48	Volatile Organic Analysis		125.00	CEQ
	Acetone	1,1-Dichloropropene		
	Acrolein	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		
	Acrylonitrile	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		
	Benzene	Diethyl Ether (Ethyl Ether)		
	Bromobenzene	3,3-Dimethyl-1-butanol		
	Bromochloromethane	Ethylbenzene		
	Bromodichloromethane	Ethyl methacrylate		
	Bromoform	2-Hexanone		
	Bromomethane (Methyl Bromide)	Hexachlorobutadiene		
	2-Butanone (MEK)	Isopropylbenzene		
	n-Butylbenzene	4-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)		
	sec-Butylbenzene	Methyl acetate		
	tert-Butylbenzene	Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)		
	Carbon disulfide	4-Methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)		
	Carbon tetrachloride	Methylene Chloride		
	Chlorobenzene	Methylcyclohexane		
	Chloroethane	Naphthalene		
	Chloroform	n-Propylbenzene		
	Chloromethane (Methyl Chloride)	Styrene		
	2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		
	2-Chlorotoluene	Tetrachloroethylene		
	4-Chlorotoluene	Tetrahydrofuran		
	Cyclohexane	Toluene		
	Dibromochloromethane	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene		
	Dibromomethane	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		
	1,2-Dibromo-3-Chloropropane (DBC			
	1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		
	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		
	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	Trichloroethylene		
	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Trichlorofluoromethane		
	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane		
	1,1-Dichloroethane	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		
	1,2-Dichloroethane	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		
	1,1-Dichloroethene	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		
	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	Vinyl acetate		
	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	Vinyl chloride		
	1,2-Dichloropropane	o-Xylene		
	1,3-Dichloropropane	Total Xylenes		
	2,2-Dichloropropane	m,p-Xylenes		
649	BTEX (only)		100.00	CEC
	Benzene Ethyl Benzene MT			
	Toluene m,p-Xylene O-X	(ylene		
50	GRO-TPH (C6-C10) (Total Petroleum H	Hydrocarbons; Gasoline Range Organics)	75.00	CEC
551	TPH; DRO (Total Petroleum Hydrocarb	canal Discal Bongo Organica)	75.00	CEC

II. Plant Tissue Analyses

	A. Plant Tissue Analysis		
Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
P1	Basic Plant Test	25.00	SPW
	Total Nitrogen (N) Potassium (K) Iron (Fe) Boron (B) Nickel (Ni) Sulfur (S) Calcium (Ca) Manganese (Mn) Copper (Cu) Phosphorus (P) Magnesium (Mg) Aluminum (Al) Zinc (Zn)		
P2	ICP Minerals Only (P1 without Total N)	20.00	SPW
P4	Total Carbon (C) OR Total Nitrogen (N)	10.00	SPW
P5	Total Carbon (C) AND Total Nitrogen (N)	18.00	SPW
P9	Mercury - acid digestion	50.00	SPW
P13	Cotton Petiole: Single sample Single Petiole for Nitrate-N, Phosphorus, and Potassium	25.00	SPW
P15	Cotton Petiole: Test Option # 1 (3 samples in total) Three samples submitted for analysis: a. leaf sample at first square b. petiole sample at first bloom c. petiole sample at first bloom + two weeks	55.00	SPW
P16	Cotton Petiole: Test Option # 2 (4 samples in total) Four samples submitted for analysis: a. leaf sample at first square b. petiole sample at first bloom c. petiole sample at first bloom + two weeks d. final petiole sample at first bloom + four weeks	70.00	SPW

B. Trace Level Analysis								
Test No.			Fee (\$)	Lab				
P41		um (Cd) Lead (Pb) ium (Cr) Nickel (Ni)	Silver (Ag) Thallium (TI) Zinc (Zn)	150.00 (+ \$10 any additional element in P42)	SPW			
P42	Aluminum (Al) Chrom Antimony (Sb) Cobali Arsenic (As) Coppe Barium (Ba) Gold (Beryllium (Be) Iron (F Bismuth (Bi) Lead (Boron (B) Magne Cadmium (Cd) Manga	er (Cu) Phosphorus Au) Potassium (K Fe) Selenium (So	Sulfur (S) Pd) Thallium (TI) (P) Tin (Sn) K) Titanium (Ti) e) Uranium (U) Vanadium (V) Zinc (Zn)	50.00 (+ \$10 any additional element)	SPW			

	C. Pesticide and Organic Analysis								
Test No.				Descrip	tion			Fee (\$)	Lab
P44	Chlorinated Hydr	ocarbon & Or	ganic Ph	osphate	Insecticide	(Screen)		100.00	CEQ
	Aldrin Chlordane Chlorpyrifos DDD DDE DDT	Dieldrin Endrin Endrin Aldeh Ethion Heptachlor Heptachlor E	Methyl Mirex		ion PCB 1254 kychlor PCB 1260 Parathion Toxaphene				
P45	Herbicide Analys	is (Screen)						100.00	CEQ
	Atrazine H Benfluralin H Bromacil M Butylate M	EPTC Hexazinone sopropalin Metolachlor Metribuzin Molinate	Oxadiaz Oxyfluo Pebulat Pendim Prodian Proflura	rfen e ethalin nine	Propachlor Propazine Simazine Terbacil Trifluralin Vernolate	r			
P46	Phenoxy Acid He	rbicide Analy	sis					100.00	CEQ
	2-4-D 2,4,5 2,4-DB 2,4,5 * Special request (5-TP Picloi	ram N	Ticlopyr ICPP *					

Test No.		Description						
P47	Termiticide Ana	lysis		100.00	CEQ			
	Chlorpyrifos Chlordane	Cypermethrin Bifenthrin	Pydrin Permethrin					

III. Water Analyses

A. Basic, GA Expanded, and Other Analysis

Test No.			Description		Fee (\$)	Lab
W1	Basic Water Test (Minimum Sample Am	ıt.: 125mL)			20.00	SPW
	pH and Hardness Phosphorus (P) Potassium (K) Calcium (Ca)	Aluminum (AI) Boron (B) Chromium (Cr) Copper (Cu)	Iron (Fe) Magnesium (Mg) Manganese (Mn) Molybdenum (Mo)	Nickel (Ni) Silica (SiO2) Sodium (Na) Zinc (Zn)		
W2	GA. Expanded Water (W1-Basic, W3-Anions Need 16 oz. (500 mL)	s, W11-Soluble Salt	water treatment design) s, & W18-Alkalinity))	60.00	SPW

For a **W1** and **W2**, a **first draw** water sample will be collected. To do this, take the sample between a 6 - 12 hour period during which time there was no water usage. The GA-EPD recommends that either early morning or evenings upon returning home are the best sampling times to ensure that the necessary stagnant water conditions exist. A kitchen or bathroom cold-water faucet is to be used for sampling. If the primary concern is the well pump, draw the water from as near the well head as possible. Place a quart container below the faucet and gently open the cold water tap. Completely fill. Transfer a portion to a 4 oz. (125 mL) sample bottle for W1 and a 16 oz. (500 mL) for W2, tightly cap and place in the mail.

W3	Anions (Ion chromatography) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125mL)	40.00	SPW
	Chloride (CI) Nitrate-Nitrogen (NO3-N) Sulfate (SO4) Fluoride (F) Phosphate (PO4)		
W4	Any single Anion (in W3) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125mL)	12.00	SPW
W5	Any two Anions (in W3) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125mL)	22.00	SPW
W6	Nitrate-N (NO3-N) (Cd reduction colorimetric) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125mL)	12.00	SPW
W6A	Nitrate-N (NO3-N) (Conductimetric) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 25mL)		FEW
W7	Nitrite-N (NO2-N) (Colorimetric) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125mL)	12.00	SPW
W8	Ammonium-Nitrogen (NH4-N) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125mL)	12.00	SPW
W8A	Ammonium-Nitrogen (NH4-N) (Conductimetric) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 25mL)	12.00	FEW
W10	pH only (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125mL)	4.00	SPW

Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
W11	Soluble Salts (Electrical Conductivity/Specific Conductance) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125mL, Holding Time: 28 days)	13.00	FEW
W12	Total Residual Chlorine (Minimum Sample Amt.: 500 mL, Analyze Immediately)	8.00	FEW
W13	Chlorophyll-A (Chla) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 500 mL, Filter Immediately Through 0.45 μm Filter, Keep the Filter Paper Refrigerated, Analyze Within 3 ½ Weeks)	40.00	FEW
W14	Mercury (Hg) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125mL)	50.00	SPW
W15	Total Anionic Surfactants (Minimum Sample Amt.: 500 mL, No Known Holding Time, Analyze ASAP)	25.00	FEW
W16	Total organic carbon (TOC) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125 mL, Holding Time: 28 days)	20.00	FEW
W16A	Total inorganic carbon (TIC) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125 mL, Holding Time: 28 days)	20.00	FEW
W16B	Dissolved organic carbon (DOC) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125 mL, Holding Time: 28 days)	25.00	FEW
W17	Kjeldahl Nitrogen (Minimum Sample Amt.: 500 mL, Holding Time: 28 days)	30.00	FEW
W18	Alkalinity (bicarbonate), pH, and CO ₂ (250 mL required) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 250 mL, Holding Time: 14 days)	16.00	FEW
W19	Acidity (Minimum Sample Amt.: 250 mL, Holding Time: 14 days)	23.00	FEW
W20	Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 250 mL, Holding Time: 7 days)	20.00	FEW
W21	Total Suspended Solids (TSS) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 1 Liter, Holding Time: 7 days)	20.00	FEW
W22	Total Solids (TS) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125 mL, Holding Time: 7 days)	16.00	FEW
W23	Total Volatile Solids (TVS) and Total Solids (TS) (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125 mL, Holding Time: 7 days)	22.00	FEW
W24	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) CALL FOR SCHEDULING Wednesday & Thursday 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM Friday 8:00 AM - 12:00 PM (Minimum Sample Amt.: 1000mL, Holding Time: 48 hours) Note: If you have more than one BOD sample and we are not aware of them, please bring them on Wednesday or Thursday. Additional tests are required.	40.00	FEW

Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
W24A	Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (CBOD) See above note in W24 for information	30.00	FEW
W25	Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) Minimum Sample Amt.: 125 mL, Holding Time: 28 days)	23.00	FEW
W26	Oil & Grease non-petroleum (Submit a 1- Liter sample in a dedicated glass container. Holding time: 28d if acidified to pH<2 and refrigerated. If the sample cannot be preserved as stated, it should be delivered to the laboratory as soon as possible keeping chilled with ice shield in a cooler.)	40.00	FEW
W27 PI	nosphorus (P)		
W27A	Total Phosphorus (Persulfate Digestion) Minimum Sample Amt.: 125mL, Holding Time: 28 days	28.00	FEW
W27B	Dissolved Reactive Phosphorus (filtered, undigested) Minimum Sample Amt.: 125mL, Holding Time: 48 hours	20.00	FEW
W27C	Total Reactive Phosphorus (unfiltered, undigested) Minimum Sample Amt.: 125mL, Holding Time: 48 hours	18.00	FEW
W28	Phenol 1- Liter sample in a glass container	40.00	CEQ
W29	Cyanide Please call CEQ lab prior to submission (706-542-9023)	50.00	CEQ
W30	Color - 48-h holding time, ship overnight or drop off (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125 mL)	19.00	FEW
W31	Turbidity - 48-h holding time, ship overnight or drop off (Minimum Sample Amt.: 125 mL)	17.00	FEW
W32	Total Nitrate (NO3) + Nitrite (NO2) as N	12.00	SPW
W33	GA -Certification for Drinking Water Providers (Small Distribution Systems) (W1, W3, W7, W11, W18, W20, W30, W31, W32) 1 Liter (quart) in plastic container for shipping overnight, or drop off within 24 hours. (Samples accepted Monday-Thursday 8:00am - 4:00pm) (Note: consider W35 test)	130.00	SPW/ FEW
W33A	Irrigation Water Chemistry W1 (with calculated sodium adsorption ratio (SAR) and adjusted SAR), W18 (Alkalinity with bicarbonate concentration), W11 (EC), Total Dissolved Solids (W20), Chloride, Fluoride, and Nitrate (Note: If you are under GAP audit, consider W35 test using irrigation water form)	70.00	SPW/ FEW

Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
W33B	Home Loan Closing W42 (Pb)+W6 (Nitrate)+W7 (Nitrite)+W35 (Total Coliform/ <i>E. coli</i>) These four tests are commonly required for home closings. Ask your lending agency for specific details. Normal turnaround time is 5-10 business days; contact the AESL laboratory to inquire about expedited analysis (706-542-5350).	85.00 (+ \$55 rush fee, + \$10 overnight shipping label when applicable)	SPW/ FEW
W33C	Dept. of Public Health: Private Well Chemical Test W2, W32, W42 (Lead and Arsenic)	122.00	SPW/ FEW
W34C	Fish pond general water quality (W1 + W18) 125 mL, plastic/glass container	35.00	SPW
W34D	Pond Water Quality (W1 + W18) and Algae Testing Kit Each kit contains 3 plastic bottles with one bottle containing a Lugol solution.	110.00	SPW
W44	Radon By liquid scintillation * Must contact county agent for sampling instruction.	30.00 (+ \$10 overnight shipping label when applicable)	FEW

	B. Microbiological Analysis				
Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab		
W35	Total Coliform / E. coli (Colilert®) (Requires sample in a special bottle. Drinking Water, Irrigation Water, GAP Program - Please download appropriate forms at: http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/forms under Microbiological Forms. For EPD Compliance / Regulatory samples, contact the lab for the appropriate submission form.) (Samples accepted Monday-Thursday 8:00am - 4:00pm)	36.00 (+ \$10 overnight shipping label when applicable)	FEW		
W37	Fecal Coliform (multiple tube fermentation / A1 Media) (Requires sample in a special bottle. Samples accepted Monday-Thursday 8:00am - 1:00pm; Please download the chain-of-custody form for sample submission at: http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/forms/COCWater.pdf)	36.00	FEW		
W38	Heterotrophic Plate Count (Idexx SimPlate®) (Requires sample in a special bottle. Samples accepted Monday-Wednesday 8:00am - 2:00pm; Please download the chain-of-custody form for sample submission at: http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/forms/COCWater.pdf)	36.00	FEW		
W39	E. coli only (recreational; swimming) (Requires sample in a special bottle. Samples accepted Monday-Thursday 8:00am - 4:00pm; Please download appropriate forms at: http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/forms)	36.00	FEW		

Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
W40	Enterococcus / Fecal Streptococcus (Requires sample in a special bottle. Please contact the lab two weeks before sample submission. This advance notice will allow the lab to order and prepare the microbiological media. Please download the chain-of-custody form for sample submission at: http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/forms/COCWater.pdf)	36.00	FEW

		C.	Trace Leve	l Analysis			
Test No.			Description			Fee (\$)	Lal
hours, mornin exist. A kitch as nea	ad (Pb) and copper (C period during which tir g or evenings upon reen or bathroom cold-writhe well head as poser a portion to a 4 oz. (me there was no w turning home are to vater faucet is to be sible. Place a quar	ater usage prior to the he best sampling time e used for sampling. I t container below the	e sampling. The GA-les to ensure that the less to ensure that the less to ensure that the less to ensure the primary concern faucet and gently op	EPD recommends necessary stagnan	that either ear t water condit draw the wate	rly ions er fron
W41	Priority Pollutants By ICP-AVOES Antimony (Sb) Arsenic (As) Beryllium (Be)	Cadmium (Cd) Chromium (Cr) Copper (Cu)	Lead (Pb) Nickel (Ni) Selenium (Se)	Silver (Ag) Thallium (TI) Zinc (Zn)		150.00 (+ \$10 any additional element in W42)	SP\
W42	Any one of Available Metals and/or Non-Metals By ICP-AVOES Aluminum (AI) Antimony (Sb) Arsenic (As)	Cadmium (Cd) Calcium (Ca) Chromium (Cr)	Lead (Pb) Magnesium (Mg) Manganese (Mn)	Potassium (K) Selenium (Se) Silicon (Si) Silver (Ag)	Thallium (TI) Tin (Sn) Titanium (Ti) Uranium (U)	40.00 (+ \$10 any additional element) OR \$10 per element	SPI

W43

Arsenic, low level

SPW

60.00

D. Pesticide and Organic Analysis

Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
W45	Chlorinated Hydrocarbon & Organic Phosphate Insecticide (Screen) Aldrin Dieldrin Lindane PCB 1242 Chlordane Endrin Malathion PCB 1254 Chlorpyrifos Endrin Aldehyde Methoxychlor PCB 1260 DDD Ethion Methyl Parathion Toxaphene DDE Heptachlor Mirex DDT Heptachlor Epoxide Parathion	100.00	CEQ
W46	Herbicide Analysis (Screen) Alachlor EPTC Oxadiazon Propachlor Atrazine Hexazinone Oxyfluorfen Propazine Benfluralin Isopropalin Pebulate Simazine Bromacil Metolachlor Pendimethalin Terbacil Butylate Metribuzin Prodiamine Trifluralin Cycloate Molinate Profluralin Vernolate	100.00	CEQ
W47	Phenoxy Acid Herbicide Analysis 2-4-D 2,4,5-T Dicamba Triclopyr 2,4-DB 2,4,5-TP Picloram MCPP * * Special request (by HPLC Method)	100.00	CEQ
W48	Termiticide Analysis Chlorpyrifos Cypermethrin Pydrin Chlordane Bifenthrin Permethrin	100.00	CEQ
W49	Acetone Dichlorodifluoromethane Benzene Bromobenzene Bromobenzene Bromodichloromethane Bromodichloromethane Bromodichloromethane Bromodichloromethane Bromodichloromethane Bromoform Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene Bromomethane (Methyl Bromide) Bromomethane (Methyl Bromide) Carbon tetrachloride Carbon tetrachloride Chloroform Carbon tetrachloride Chloroform Ethanol Chloroform Ethanol Chloroform Ethanol Chloroform Ethanol Chloroform Ethanol Chloroform Ethylbenzene Chlorobenzene Chloromethane (Methyl Chloride) 2-Plochloropropane Chloromethane (Methyl Chloride) 2-Plochloropr	125.00	CEQ

Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
W50	BTEX (only)	100.00	CEQ
	Benzene Ethyl Benzene MTBE Toluene m,p-Xylene O-Xylene		
W51	GRO-TPH (C6-C10) (Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons; Gasoline Range Organics)	75.00	CEQ
W52	TPH; DRO (Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons; Diesel Range Organics)	75.00	CEQ

IV. Feed and Forage Analyses

	A. Fee	d and Forage Analysis		
Test No.		Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
F1	Hays and Silage (NIR + nitrate + minerals)		40.00	FEW
	Neutral Detergent Fiber (NDF) Acid Detergent Fiber (ADF) Crude Fiber (estimated)	Lignin Nitrate (NO3) Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN) Relative Forage Quality (RFQ) 10 Minerals (see F26)		
F2	Hays and Silage (NIR + nitrate, exluding	minerals)	20.00	FEW
	Neutral Detergent Fiber (NDF) Acid Detergent Fiber (ADF) Crude Fiber (estimated)	Crude Protein Lignin Nitrate (NO3) Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN) Relative Forage Quality (RFQ)		
F3	Hays and Silage (NIR only)		15.00	FEW
	Neutral Detergent Fiber (NDF) Acid Detergent Fiber (ADF)	Crude Protein Lignin Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN) Relative Forage Quality (RFQ)		
F3A	Expanded NIR Package for Silage Crops : both green chop and ensiled Corn and Small Grains (<i>dried and ground to 1mm</i>):		20.00	FEW
	Moisture. Dry Matter Crude Protein, Soluble Protein UIP (Undigestable Insoluble Protein) ADF, ADFCP NDF, NDFCP Fat, Lignin Ash Ca, P, K, Mg, Na, S, Zn, Cu, Fe, Mn, Cl NFC, Soluble carbohydrates, Starch	ESC (Simple Sugars) IVTDMD24, IVTDMD30, IVTDMD48 dNDF24, dNDF30 dNDF48, NDFD24 NDFD30, NDFD48 RFQ Ammonia-CPE Acetic-acid, Lactic-acid Energy Tables		
F3B	Expanded NIR Package for Green Chop , Grass+ Legume Mixed (<i>dried and ground</i>	Hays, Haylage/Baleage of Grasses, Legumes, and to 1mm):	20.00	FEW
	Moisture, Dry Matter Crude Protein, Soluble Protein UIP (Undigestable Insoluble Protein) ADF, ADFCP NDF, NDFCP Fat, Lignin Ash Ca, P, K, Mg, Na, S, Zn, Cu, Fe, Mn, Cl NFC, Soluble Carbohydrates, Starch	ESC (Simple Sugars) IVTDMD24, IVTDMD30, IVTDMD48 dNDF24, dNDF30 dNDF48, NDFD24 NDFD30, NDFD48 RFQ Ammonia-CPE Acetic-acid, Lactic-acid Energy Tables		

Test No.		Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
F3C	Expanded NIR Package for Total Mixed Rations (any type) and High Moisture Corn (dried and ground to 1mm):		20.00	FEW
	Moisture, Dry Matter CP, Soluble-protein UIP (Undigestable Insoluble Prote CF, ADF, ADFCP, NDF, NDFCP Fat, Lignin Ash	Ca, P, K, Mg, Na S, Zn, Cu, Fe, Mn, Cl NFC Soluble Carbohydrates, Starch ESC (Simple Sugars) IVTDMD30, dNDF30, NDFD30 Energy Tables		
F3D	NIR for Whole Soybean seed:		20.00	FEW
	CP, Oil, Ash Sugar Pro	tearic, Oleic, Linoleic, and Linolenic		
F3E	NIR for Ground/Meal Soybean:		20.00	FEW
	Moisture Crude Fiber, NDF CP, Oil, Ash Fatty-Acid Profiles: Palmitic, Stearic, Oleic, Linoleic, a Sugar Profiles: Glucose, Fructose, Sucrose, Raff Amino acid profiles: Arginine, Cysteine, Isoleucine, Le			
F3F	NIR for Amino Acid Profile for Other Feed Ingredients: Wheat Midds, Corn, Distiller's dried grains with solubles (DDGS) and Wheat (<i>dried and ground to 1mm</i>): Arginine, Cysteine, Isoleucine, Leucine, Lysine, Methionine, Threonine, Tryptophan, and Valine		15.00	FEW
F4	Hays and Silages (Wet Chemistry)	includes nitrate and minerals	60.00	FEW
	Moisture Neutral Detergent Fiber (NDF) Crude Fiber (estimated) Crude Protein	Nitrate (NO3) Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN) 10 Minerals (see F26)		
F5	Hays & Silages (Wet Chemistry) in	cludes nitrate but excludes minerals	40.00	FEW
	Moisture Neutral Detergent Fiber (NDF) Crude Fiber (estimated)	Crude Protein Nitrate (NO3) Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN)		
F6	Hays & Silages (Wet Chemistry) ex	cludes both nitrate and minerals	35.00	FEW
	Moisture Neutral Detergent Fiber (NDF) Crude Fiber (estimated)	Crude Protein Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN)		

Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
F7	All Other Feeds (Wet Chemistry) Moisture Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN) Crude Fiber 10 Minerals (see F26) Crude Protein	45.00	FEW
F8	Moisture, Crude Fiber, Crude Protein, Crude Fat, Ash, and Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN)	50.00	FEW
F8A	Moisture, Neutral Detergent Fiber, Crude Protein, Crude Fat, Ash, and Metabolizable Energy (POULTRY FEED ONLY)	50.00	FEW
F8B	Moisture, Crude Protein, Crude Fat, and Ash in Meat	30.00	FEW
F9	Moisture, Crude Fiber, Crude Protein, Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN)	36.00	FEW
F10	Crude Protein (Combustion Technique)	15.00	FEW
F10A	Crude Protein (by Kjeldahl Digestion): Samples with high moisture (e.g., Meats)	30.00	FEW
F11	Crude Fiber	20.00	FEW
F12	NDF (Neutral Detergent Fiber)	17.00	FEW
F13	ADF (Acid Detergent Fiber)	17.00	FEW
F14	Nitrate (NO3)	13.00	FEW
F15	Crude Fat	20.00	FEW
F15A	F7 (all other feeds) + F15 (crude fat)	60.00	FEW
F16	Bound Protein	30.00	FEW
F17	Ash	13.00	FEW
F18	Moisture	12.00	FEW
F19	Mineral pre-Mixes for the parameters listed in SC1	36.00	FEW
F20	рН	5.00	FEW
F21	Chromic Oxide	25.00	FEW
F21A	Titanium Oxide	25.00	FEW
F22	Calorimetry/Gross Energy (BTU)	32.00	FEW
F23	Total Aflatoxin	42.00	FEW
F24	Protein Solubility (soybean meal)	35.00	FEW

Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
F24A	Protein Dispersibility Index (PDI)	45.00	FEW
F25	Cyanide (Prussic Acid) Please call CEQ Lab prior to submission (706-542-9023)	50.00	CEQ
F26	Minerals only Phosphorus (P) Magnesium (Mg) Aluminum (Al) Sodium (Na) Potassium (K) Manganese (Mn) Copper (Cu) Calcium (Ca) Iron (Fe) Zinc (Zn)	25.00	FEW
F27	Salt/Chloride by Quantab.	20.00	SPW
F28	Carbohydrate Package Starch Ethanol Soluble Carbohydrates (ESC) Water Soluble Carbohydrates (WSC) Fructans Non-Structural Carbohydrates (NSC)	60.00	FEW
F29	F1+F28 Starch NIR Nitrates Minerals Starch, ESC, WSC, Fructans, NSC	95.00	FEW
F30	F2+F28 NIR Nitrates Starch, ESC, WSC, Fructans, NSC	75.00	FEW
F31	Lignin	25.00	FEW
F33	F3+F28 NIR Starch, ESC, WSC, Fructans, NSC	70.00	FEW
F34	Moisture Digestible Energy NDF Nitrates (NO3) Crude Protein Minerals Crude Fiber (estimated) Starch, ESC, WSC, Fructans, NSC Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN)	110.00	FEW
F35	F5+F28 Moisture Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN) NDF Digestible Energy Crude Protein Nitrates (NO3) Crude Fiber (estimated) Starch, ESC, WSC, Fructans, NSC	95.00	FEW

Test No.	Description			Lab
F36	F6+F28		90.00	FEW
	Moisture NDF Crude Protein Crude Fiber (estimated)	Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN) Digestible Energy Nitrates (NO3) Starch, ESC, WSC, Fructans, NSC		
F37	F7+F28		100.00	FEW
	Moisture Crude Protein Crude Fiber (estimated)	Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN) Digestible Energy Starch, ESC, WSC, Fructans, NSC		
F38	F8+F28		105.00	FEW
	Crude Fiber Digestil	igestible Nutrients (TDN) ble Energy ESC, WSC, Fructans, NSC		
F39	F9+F28		90.00	FEW
	Moisture Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN) Crude Protein Digestible Energy Crude Fiber Starch, ESC, WSC, Fructans, NSC			
F40	F15A+F28		90.00	FEW
	Moisture Crude Protein Crude Fiber Crude Fat Total Digestible Nutrients (Digestible Energy	Minerals (P, K, Ca, Mg, Mn, Fe, Al, Cu, Zn, Na) Starch Ethanol Soluble Carbohydrates (ESC) Water Soluble Carbohydrates (WSC) TDN) Fructans Non-Structural Carbohydrates (NSC)		

	B.Trace Level Analysis									
Test No.			Description		Fee (\$)	Lab				
F41	Priority Pollutants By ICP-AVOES Antimony (Sb) Arsenic (As) Beryllium (Be)	Cadmium (Cd) Chromium (Cr) Copper (Cu)	Lead (Pb) Nickel (Ni) Selenium (Se)	Silver (Ag) Thallium (TI) Zinc (Zn)	150.00 (+ \$10 any additional element in F42)	SPW				

Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
F42	Any one of Available Metals and/or Non-Metals by ICP-AVOES Antimony (Sb) Cadmium (Cd) Nickel (Ni) Tin (Sn) Arsenic (As) Chromium (Cr) Palladium (Pd) Titanium (Ti) Barium (Ba) Cobalt (Co) Silicon (Si) Uranium (U) Beryllium (Be) Gold (Au) Silver (Ag) Vanadium (V) Bismuth (Bi) Lead (Pb) Strontium (Sr) Boron (B) Molybdenum (Mo) Thallium (TI)	50.00 (+ \$10 any additional element)	SPW
F43	Selenium (Se) in Feed or Forage for Animal Nutrition (by Hydride Generation-ICP-AVOES)	60.00	SPW
F44	Starch	30.00	FEW
F45	Ethanol Soluble Carbohydrates (ESC): Simple Sugars	23.00	FEW
F46	Water Soluble Carbohydrates (WSC): Sum of Simple Sugars+Fructans	20.00	FEW
F47	Phytate	40.00	FEW

	C. Pesticide and Organic Analysis									
Test No.						Lab				
F32	Chlorinated Hydroca Aldrin BHC Carbophenothion Chlordane DDD DDE	arbon & Organophos DDT Diazinon Dieldrin Endrin Endrin Aldehyde Ethion	Fonofos Heptachlor Heptachlor Epoxide Lindane Malathion Methoxychlor	een) Methyl Parathion Mirex Parathion Total PCB Toxaphene	100.00	CEQ				

V. Animal Wastes Analyses

A Animal Waste Analysis

A. Allillai Waste Allaiysis							
	Fee (\$)	Lab					
Poultry Litter: Total Minerals + Total Nitrogen (NIR technology)			52.00	SPW			
Phosphorus (P) Potassium (K) Calcium (Ca) Magnesium (Mg)	Iron (Fe) Aluminum (AI) Sulfur (S) Manganese (Mn)	Copper (Cu) Zinc (Zn) Sodium (Na) Boron (B)					

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ı					
ı					
ı	A7	I adoon: lotal minerals	Intal Kieldahl Nitrogen	Nitrata-Nitrogan	Ammonium-Nitrogen
ı	\sim	Lagoon: Total minerals,	Total Nicidani Miliogon,	TVILLALC-TVILLOGCIT,	Annomani-Minogon

Moisture

Test No.

Α1

A2

А3

Α4

A5

A6

Recommended Tests

• Poultry Litter = A1 (1 pint re-sealable plastic bag)

Manure: Total minerals, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, Nitrate-Nitrogen

• Manure = A6 (1 pint sample)

Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen

Nitrate-Nitrogen (NO3-N)

(Total Minerals + A2 + A3)

(Total Minerals + A2 + A3 + A4)

Ammonium-Nitrogen (NH4-N)

• Lagoon = A7 (1 pint sample)

30.00

15.00

15.00

10.00

75.00

80.00

SPW

SPW

SPW

SPW

SPW

SPW

VI. Biosolids, Sludge, and Non-Animal Wastes Analyses

	A. Biosolio	ds, Sludge,	and Non-A	nimal Wastes Analy	sis	
Test No.		С	escription		Fee (\$)	Lab
SC1	Total Minerals				36.00	SPW
	Phosphorus (P) Potassium (K) Calcium (Ca) Magnesium (Mg) Iron (Fe)	Aluminum (AI) Sulfur (S) Manganese (Mn) Boron (B) Copper (Cu)	Zinc (Zn) Sodium (Na) Silicon (Si) Cadmium (Cd) Chromium (Cr)	Nickel (Ni) Lead (Pb) Molybdenum (Mo)		
SC2	Total Kjeldahl Nitroge	en			30.00	FEW
SC3	Nitrate-Nitrogen (NO3	3-N)			15.00	SPW
SC4	Ammonium-Nitrogen	(NH4-N)			15.00	FEW
SC5	Moisture				10.00	SPW
SC9	Mercury				50.00	SPW
SC10	Total Solids				16.00	FEW
SC11	Total Solids + Total Vo	olatile Solids			22.00	FEW
SC12	рН				5.00	FEW
	SC1, SC2, SC3, SC4, SC		•			
SC13A	"Chain of Custody" D	ocument Required:	http://aesl.ces.uga.	edu/forms/ChainOfCustody.pdf	225.00	SPW
SC13B	Compliance not requi	ired			200.00	SPW
SC14: F	ecal coliform					
EPA 503	Compliance of Bio-Solid	ds for Land Application	on			
SC14A	"Chain of Custody" D	ocument Required:	http://aesl.ces.uga.	edu/forms/ChainOfCustody.pdf	60.00	FEW
SC14B	Compliance not requi	ired			45.00	FEW
SC16	Total Carbon (C) OR 1	Total Nitrogen (N)			10.00	SPW

Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab
SC17	Total Carbon (C) AND Total Nitrogen (N)	18.00	SPW

	B. Trace Level Analysis								
Test No.			Description		Fee (\$)	Lab			
SC41	Priority Pollutants By ICP-AVOES Antimony (Sb) Arsenic (As) Beryllium (Be)	Cadmium (Cd) Chromium (Cr) Copper (Cu)	Nickel (Ni) T	ilver (Ag) hallium (TI) inc (Zn)	150.00 (+ \$10 any additional element in SC42)	SPW			
SC42	Any one of Availab ICP-AVOES Aluminum (AI) Antimony (Sb) Arsenic (As) Barium (Ba) Beryllium (Be) Bismuth (Bi) Boron (B) Cadmium (Cd) Calcium (Ca)	Chromium (Cr) Cobalt (Co) Copper (Cu) Gold (Au) Iron (Fe) Lead (Pb) Magnesium (Mg) Manganese (Mn) Molybdenum (Mo)	Nickel (Ni) Palladium (Pd) Phosphorus (P) Potassium (K) Selenium (Se) Silicon (Si) Silver (Ag) Sodium (Na)	Sulfur (S) Thallium (TI) Tin (Sn) Titanium (Ti) Uranium (U) Vanadium (V) Zinc (Zn)	50.00 (+ \$10 any additional element)	SPW			

VII. Miscellaneous Analyses

	Miscellaneous Analysis							
Test No.	Description	Fee (\$)	Lab					
M1	Calcium Carbonate Equivalent (CCE)	20.00	SPW					
M2	Calcium + Magnesium (test for dolomitic limestone)	25.00	SPW					
М3	Lead (Pb) in paint chips (>5000 ppm indicates Pb-based paint)	36.00	SPW					
M4	Gypsum Quality Test	30.00	SPW					

VIII. Crop Quality Analyses

Crop Quality Analysis Test No. Description Fee (\$) Lab 8.00 CEQ C1 рΗ C2 Brix 10.00 CEQ C3 **Titratable Acidity** 15.00 CEQ C4 **Pyruvic Acid** 40.00 CEQ C5 CEQ Sugar Profile (sucrose, glucose, and fructose) 40.00 C6 Fruit Quality Package: pH, Brix, and Titratable acidity 30.00 CEQ **C7** Onion Quality Package: Pyruvic acid, Lachrymatory factor, and Methyl Thiosulfinates 80.00 CEQ C8 Olive - Percent Moisture & Oil (NIR) 20.00 CEQ C9 Peroxide Value (PV) 30.00 CEQ C10 Free Fatty Acid Content (FFA) 30.00 CEQ C11 CEQ Specific Extinction, Ultraviolet Absorption (UV) 45.00 C12 Fatty Acid Profile (FAP) 60.00 CEQ C13 Oil Quality (PV, FFA, UV) 90.00 CEQ C14A CEQ Anthocyanin characterization (including raw grape processing) 80.00 C14B Anthocyanin characterization (pre-processed sample) 65.00 CEQ

Part II

General Information

I. Introduction

This Fee Schedule Handbook is provided for use by County Extension Agents and County Extension Secretaries who are the principal source of samples submitted for analytical services offered by the Agricultural and Environmental Services Laboratories (AESL). Copies will be made available to Extension Specialists and others as requested on a limited basis.

The purpose of this Handbook is to give a schedule of fees for all analytical services normally available from the respective units along with pertinent sampling and submission instructions.

Two copies of this Handbook are provided to each County Extension Office for their exclusive use. Revision will be made periodically, and it is the responsibility of each holder of the Handbook to add the revised or new information and to delete outdated material in a timely manner.

Please keep this reference in a central location within the office and follow the fee schedule and submission instructions closely in order to provide your clients with timely and accurate information.

How To Use This Handbook

Sections are provided for each major kind of samples we receive, i.e., soil, plant, feed, water, waste, crop quality, etc. Once you have determined the kind of sample, go to that section to find a listing of the tests normally conducted. You will also find the fee, special sampling instructions and the laboratory unit responsible for the test. Addresses for each laboratory are given in the section labeled "General Information." There are also examples of all current submission forms that should be on hand in your office files and /or available on the AESL Web site:

http://aesl.ces.uga.edu.

By following the guidelines given in this Handbook, the task of handling samples of all types should be easier for you, and the results will be expedited for your county constituents.

If you have questions or comments, please contact Dr. Leticia Sonon or any of the appropriate personnel listed in the Lab Information Section.

Dr. Leticia Sonon, Director Agricultural and Environmental Services Laboratories

Ph: 706-542-5350 e-mail: lsonon@uga.edu

II. General Laboratory Information

A. Mailing Addresses

Abbreviations	Laboratory Name and Address
AESL	Agricultural and Environmental Services Laboratories
	2300-2400 College Station Road
	Athens, Georgia 30602-9105
	Phone: (706) 542-5350
	Fax: (706) 369-5734
SPW	Soil, Plant, and Water Laboratory
	2400 College Station Road
	Athens, Georgia 30602-9105
	Phone: (706) 542-5350
	Fax: (706) 369-5734
FEW	Feed and Environmental Water Laboratory
	2300 College Station Road
	Athens, Georgia 30602-4356
	Phone: (706) 542-7690
	Fax: (706) 542-1474
CEQ	Crop and Environmental Quality Laboratory
	2300 College Station Road
	Athens, Georgia 30602-4356
	Phone: (706) 542-9023
	Fax: (706) 542-1474

B. Laboratory Services and Personnel

1. Soil, Plant and Water Laboratory (SPW)

2400 College Station Road Athens, Georgia 30602-9105

Phone: (706) 542-5350 Fax: (706) 369-5734

This laboratory provides numerous analyses for soil, plants, water, animal waste, sludge and cotton petioles. Submission forms (see submission form section) are provided for the various types of samples analyzed. Inquiries may be made to the following:

Dr. Leticia Sonon - Director

Responsible for administration, policy and budgets of all units of the Agricultural and Environmental Services Laboratories.

e-mail: Isonon@uga.edu

Dr. Jason Thomas Lessl – Program Coordinator e-mail: ilessl@uga.edu

Responsible for overall routine operation of the lab. Develops and maintains required methodologies. Coordinates special requests and projects.

Gary Williams – Laboratory Manager e-mail: garyw@uga.edu

Manages day-to-day operations of the laboratory.

Alice Moreland – Administrative Specialist e-mail: alicem@uga.edu

Receives and directs incoming calls. Handles purchase orders and personnel records.

All secretarial duties for the Director, Agricultural & Environmental Services Laboratories.

Michelle Doster – Senior Accountant

e-mail: dmd7096@uga.edu

Responsible for keeping the accounting books for AESL, processing invoices & maintaining accounts payable.

Rosalina Mirandilla – Accounting Assistant e-mail: rdmirand@uga.edu

Prepares and mails invoices, and maintains accounts receivable. Back-up for incoming calls.

2. Feed & Environmental Water Laboratory (FEW)

2300 College Station Road Athens, Georgia 30602-4356

Phone: (706) 542-7690 Fax: (706) 542-1474

This unit performs analyses on and interpretive information about feeds, forages, foods, feed ingredients, natural waters and industrial wastewater. Inquiries regarding analyses and the laboratory in general should be directed to:

Dr. Leticia Sonon – Director

Responsible for administration, policy and budgets of all units of the Agricultural and Environmental Services Laboratories.

Dr. Uttam Saha – Program Coordinator

e-mail: sahau@uga.edu Responsible for overall routine operation of the lab. Develops and maintains required methodologies. Coordinates special requests and projects.

David Parks – Laboratory Supervisor

e-mail: pix@uga.edu

Manages day-to-day operations of the laboratory.

Deborah Ann Suits – Accounting Assistant

e-mail: dsuits@uga.edu

e-mail: lsonon@uga.edu

Responsible for processing invoices & maintaining accounts payable.

3. Crop and Environmental Quality Laboratory (CEQ)

2300 College Station Road Athens, Georgia 30602-4356

Phone: (706)542-9023 Fax: (706)542-1474

This laboratory unit analyzes for the presence of certain insecticides and herbicides in soil, plant, fish and water samples. It also provides tests for hazardous materials in municipal and industrial sludges, petroleum and organic solvents in soil and water, and drinking water standards for municipal water systems and bottled water manufacturers. Numerous analyses of trace elements for soil, plants, water, animal waste, sludge and cotton petioles, as well as flavor quality compounds in onions, olive/seed oil, grape/wine, fruit and vegetables are also provided.

Inquiries regarding non-routine analyses, interpretation of results and the laboratory in general may be directed to:

Dr. Leticia Sonon – Director

Responsible for administration, policy and budgets of all units of the Agricultural and Environmental Services Laboratories.

e-mail: lsonon@uga.edu

e-mail: djackso@uga.edu

Daniel Jackson – Research Professional

Responsible for overall routine operation of the crop quality section of the CEQ Laboratory. Develops and maintains required methodologies. Coordinates special requests and projects.

Natalie Bond – Laboratory Supervisor

e-mail: nbond@uga.edu Manages day-to-day operations of the laboratory.

Sonya Davis – Administrative Associate

e-mail: sfdavis@uga.edu Receives and directs incoming calls. Handles purchase orders and personnel records. Perform secretarial duties for the program coordinator of CEQ.

III. Testing Fees and Billing

A. Fee Policies

1. Scheduled Services

The funds to operate the AESL are generated from state and federal appropriations, fees and contracts. The fee schedule is the basis for all routine and special analytical services. Deviations from the schedule or special rates may be considered for large quantities, special handling and contractual agreements.

2. Extension Specialists

With proper submission forms (http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/forms/index.html), troubleshooting samples will be tested at no cost in limited quantities. Large-scale surveys or research projects will be charged the scheduled fee per sample, the same as researchers.

3. Research Samples

College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences researchers, in-state USDA and other closely allied UGA units will be charged the scheduled fees and must use a Research Sample Submission Form (http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/forms/Research.pdf?2). Research samples should be submitted directly to the appropriate laboratory, not through the county Extension office.

4. County Program Support

County extension agents often need laboratory analysis to support educational programs in their county that address issues specific to their clients' needs. These analyses are referred to as "County Program Samples. AESL supports Extension programs by providing an amount of credit to each county every year to be used for free analysis for their county programs.

The amount of county program funds is now calculated as \$100 + 1% of the amount of income generated by your online submission samples for the previous fiscal year. For example, if you used Online Submission last year to submit \$5,000 worth of samples, your county program total this fiscal year would be \$100 + \$50 = \$150. This amount will be used towards analysis of samples and bookkeeping of available credit for each county provided by the laboratory. The amount of credit available for free county program samples will be updated in Data Transfer once we've processed the samples. Any unused credit provided by the laboratories would not carry over to future fiscal years.

When submitting County Program samples, write "County Program" next to the samples on the submission forms. You may use the Online Submission forms if these are soil or water samples.

We do not offer reduced fees for school projects. You may use county program funds for this purpose at your discretion.

B. Payment of Fees

1. Information Regarding Payment of Fees

a. Our most recent price list is in this Handbook. Do not refer to prices listed in the codebook, on sampling kits or on other printed material. If you have old materials in your office, it would be a good idea to tell your clients that prices listed in them may not be current.

- b. Always insert any notification you receive regarding changes in fees in your Fee Schedule Handbook for future reference.
- c. Collect fees from clients before submitting them to the lab. If fees are not submitted with the samples, you must instruct us as to what tests you are requesting and include specific instructions regarding the billing.
- d. When payment is sent after samples are submitted but before an invoice is issued, please provide us with as much information as possible so we can match the payment with the samples. (Client's name, date submitted, sample type, etc.)
- e. If you are submitting payment for an invoiced sample along with prepaid samples, always include a copy of the invoice or a note referencing the invoice number, lab number or kit number.
- f. **Do not send cash** with samples or invoices.
- g. When a client requests a special analysis that is not listed on the fee schedule, call the lab to confirm the fee.
- h. Make separate checks for samples sent to different lab units.
- i. If your office or a client receives a bill and you believe the fee has been paid, contact the lab as soon as possible. Unfortunately, checks sometimes get lost or are separated from the samples in the rush of opening, separating and preparing the samples for analysis.
- j. Please inform the appropriate lab of any circumstances regarding problems with payment of an invoice. We will try to reach an agreement suitable to all parties involved.
- k. Make checks payable to individual laboratories as follows:
 - I. UGA Soil, Plant, & Water Lab
 - m. UGA Feed & Environmental Water Lab
 - n. UGA Crop and Environmental Quality Lab

1. Monthly Billing

Monthly Billing is available for online submission of soil and water samples. If you have not enrolled in Monthly Billing, we encourage you to do so. At the time of this writing, 154 counties have enrolled.

a. Advantages of Monthly Billing

1. Samples could be shipped to the laboratory without waiting for the agent's signature

on a check.

- The monthly invoice contains a list of all samples received from your office, including client names, lab numbers, tests requested, and price per sample. This should help with your bookkeeping, because it provides a detailed record of all tests that we've run for your office.
- 3. Monthly billing eliminates confusion as to which charges have been paid and which are still outstanding.

Here are the specifics for the Monthly Billing program:

- Send e-mail to soiltest@uga.edu indicating that you wish to participate. We will bill
 you for all samples submitted online after you have received confirmation of
 enrollment.
- 2. You must use the Online Submission Forms in Data Transfer to participate.
- 3. We will bill you by the 10th of each month, and payment will be due at the end of the month. This should help ensure that your clients' payments have been deposited to your bank account. The bill will include samples we *completed* during the prior month. The bill will come in the form of an e-mail attachment.

b. Monthly Billing Frequently Asked Questions

1. I need a test that's not available through Online Submission. Will you bill me for this test?

No. You should send payment for any samples that are not submitted online.

A good rule of thumb: If you have to write any special instructions on the forms, don't use Online Submission, and be sure to send payment with the samples.

2. Will payments be due on the 10th of each month, or is that when we will receive the billing statement?

You will receive an invoice on the 10th of each month, which will cover all samples completed for the previous month. This bill will go to your county office e-mail address, and it will be due at the end of the month.

3. Are you requesting that each county submit one check totaling the cost of all soil samples for the month, or can we send the individual checks that we receive from customers requesting the samples?

You should deposit all client checks to your own bank account and pay us with one check.

4. Is the turn-around for soil reports received from the online sample submissions the same?

Turn-around time will be the same. Routine samples are generally available for download the afternoon after we receive them. Any additional time depends on the time it takes the mail to deliver the samples to us.

5. Will we need to submit a printout of the online submission form along with the box of soil samples we mail to the SPW lab?

Yes. Clicking "Print Forms" creates the forms we need. In the printer dialog box, change "Number of copies" to "2" so that you'll have a copy in-house.

6. What if my computer is in the shop, or I can't log on the Internet?

If you cannot run the Online Submission Form program, you must send payment with your samples.

7. Who do I contact if I have questions or problems with the program?

Send an e-mail message to: soiltest@uga.edu

or by phone: 706-542-5350

IV. Soil Analyses

A. General Information

Soil Sample Bags. Soil sample bags are provided to farmers and homeowners free of charge. It is important that clients submit the required amount of sample so that analysis can be done properly. For standard routine analysis, each bag should be filled with soil up to the **fill line**. Additional amount of sample may be required if several tests are requested.

For ease in sample handling and to minimize mailing costs, clients are advised to air dry samples at home overnight before submitting their samples to their local extension office.

The county extension office may obtain their sample bags from:

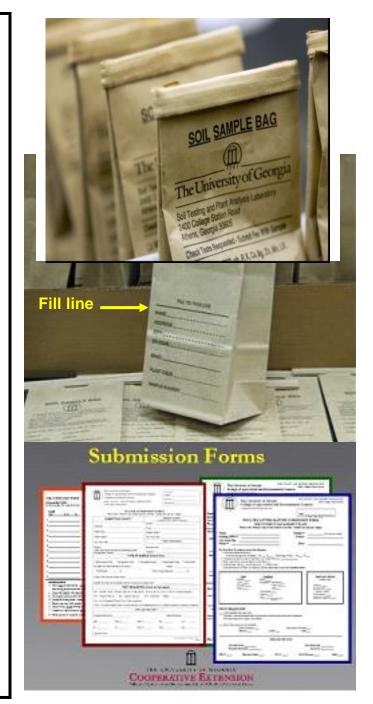
Storekeeper Cooperative Extension The University of Georgia Room 103, Hoke Smith Annex Athens, GA 30602 Phone: 706-542-8844

http://apps.caes.uga.edu/supplylist/

Sample Submission. The laboratory supports online submission of samples that allows efficient entry of client information. The program also automatically creates the appropriate submission forms and the corresponding test fees.

Submission Forms. Sample submission forms may be obtained online at:

http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/forms



V. Plant Tissue Analyses

A. General Information

Leaf tissue should be placed in a paper bag. **Do not wrap or enclose leaves in plastic bags**. **Do not send roots or soil.** Air dry wet plant tissue before shipment.

If sampling instructions are not given for the crop being submitted, sample the most recent mature leaves. A "Plant Submission Form" (see example in Forms Section) should be completed with as much information as possible to ensure appropriate recommendation.

B. Sampling Guide for Plant Nutritional Analysis

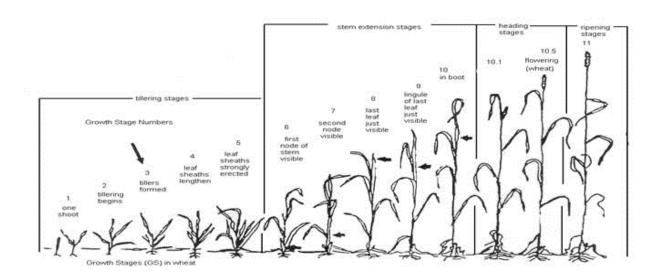
These guidelines give you the necessary information for collecting samples for plant nutritional analysis. Proper sampling for plant analysis is very important and requires that a definite plant part be taken at a specific time during the growing season. Following these guidelines will help ensure that a sufficient quantity of plant tissue is submitted for analysis and that the sample collected is representative of the area under study.

Key Points to Remember

- 1. DO NOT SAMPLE
 - (a) Diseased, insect or mechanically damaged plants.
 - (b) Stressed plants (i.e., drought or extremes in temperature).
 - (c) Plants in advanced fruiting stages.
 - (d) Tissue that is contaminated with dust or soil. If all the tissue available is dust, wash gently in flowing water. However, do not prolong washing because some nutrient elements like potassium are water soluble.
- Plant samples should be placed directly into a paper bag of appropriate size. DO NOT WRAP OR ENCLOSE samples in plastic bags or other impermeable containers. Allow succulent or wet tissue samples to air dry at least one day before mailing to the laboratory.
- When sampling plants with suspected nutrient deficiencies at times other than recommended, take two samples, one from the normal plants and one from the abnormal plants. Place in separate mailing kits and make reference to each on history form.
- 4. If sampling instructions are not given for the crop you wish analyzed, a good RULE OF THUMB is to sample the most recent mature leaves.
- 5. Complete the questionnaire as accurately as possible. The more complete the questionnaire is filled out, the better the interpretation and recommendation will be. Place this information (Plant Submission Form) inside the mailing envelope and mail with the samples
- 6. When possible, collect a soil sample at the same location the plant sample was taken. Send soil sample separately from plant samples but make reference to each other so the interpreters have access to the soil and plant analysis data.

a. Agronomic Crops

Stage of Growth	Plant Part to Sample	Number of Plants to Sample
Prior to or at 1/10 bloom stage	Alfalfa Mature leaf blades taken from the top 4 to 6 inches of the plant	40-50
Prior to bloom	Clover And Other Legumes Mature leaf blades taken about ½ of the way down from the top of the plant	40-50
Seedling stage (less than 12") or Prior to tasseling or From tasseling to silking Sampling after silking occurs is not recomme	Corn All the above the ground portion The first fully developed leaf below the whorl The entire leaf at the ear node (or immediately above or below it) nded.	15-20 15-20
Prior to or at first bloom or when first	Cotton Youngest fully mature leaves on main stem squares appear	30-40
Prior to seed head emergence or at the optimum stage for best quality forage	Hay, Pasture Or Forage Grasses Top 6 inches of plant	40-50
Prior to or at bloom stage	Peanuts Mature leaves from both the main stem and either cotyledon lateral branch	40-50
Prior to or at heading 1) Seeding stage (less than 12") or 3) Prior to or during initial flowering Sampling after pods begin to set not recomm	Sorghum-Milo Second leaf from top of plant All the above ground portion Two or three fully developed leaves at the top of plant. ended.	15-25 20-30
Before bloom	Tobacco Uppermost fully developed leaf	8-12
During normal growing of season; at least two days re-growth	Turf Leaf blades - clip by hand to avoid contamination with soil or other material	½ pint material
1) Tillering (GS-3) to just prior to heading (GS 10-boot stage) or 2) Just prior to heading (GS 10) Sempling ofter heading not recommended.	Wheat All above ground portion Flag leaf	30-40 40-50
Sampling after heading not recommended. S	ee figure below.	



b. Vegetable Crops

Stage of Growth	Plant Part to Sample	Number of Plants to Sample
	Asparagus	
Mid growth, 18-36" up	Mature fern from	10-20
	Beans	
Seedling stage (less than 12") Prior to or during initial flowering	All the above ground portion Two or three fully developed leaves at the top of the plan	20-30 it
	Head Crops (Cabbage, etc.)	
1) Prior to heading 2) Head ½ grown	First mature leaves from center of whorl Young wrapper leaf; 2 leaves per plant	10-20
Mid growth	Leaf Crops (Lettuce, Spinach, Turnip Greens, Collards, etc.) Youngest mature leaf	35-55
	Melons (Water, Cucumber, Muskmelon)	
Early stages of growth prior to fruit set	Mature leaves near the growing tip of the plant	20-30
Prior to or during initial flowering	Peas Leaves from the third from the top node down from the plant	30-60
	Peppers	
Prior to or at bloom stage	Most recently mature leaves	20-30
Early flowering to tubers ½ grown	Potatoes, Irish Upper most mature	20-30
Mid growth	Potatoes, Sweet Most recently mature leaves	20-30
Prior to root or bulb enlargement	Root Crops (Carrots, Onions, Beets, etc.) Center mature leaves	20-30
	Sweet Corn	
Prior to tasseling At tasseling	The entire fully mature leaf below the whorl The entire leaf at the ear node	20-30
	Tomato (Field)	
Prior to or during early bloom stage	Third or fourth leaf from growing tip	20-25
Prior to or during fruit set	Tomato (Greenhouse) 1) Young plants: leaves adjacent to 2nd and 3rd clusters 2) Older plants: leaves from 4th to 6th clusters	s 20-25

c. Ornamentals and Flowers

Stage of Growth	Plant Part to Sample	Number of Plants to Sample
	Carnations	
1) Unpinched plants	4 th or 5 th leaf pairs from base of plant	20-30
2) Pinched plants	5 th and 6 th leaf pairs from top of primary laterals	20-30
	Chrysanthemums	
Prior to or at flowering	Upper leaves on flowering stem	20-30
	Ornamental Trees	
Current year's growth	Fully developed leaves	30-100
	Ornamental Shrubs	
Current year's growth	Fully developed leaves	30-100
	Poinsettias	
Prior to or at flowering	Most recently mature fully expanded leaves	15-20
	Roese	
During flower production	Upper leaves on the flowering stem	20-30

d. Fruits and Nuts

Stage of Growth	Plant Part to Sample	Number of Plants to Sample	
	Apple		
8-10 weeks after full bloom	Healthy mid-terminal leaves of current season's growth, taking	50-100	
	4 to 8 leaves per tree		
	Apricot, Almond, Cherry, Pear, Prune		
Mid season	Healthy mid-terminal leaves of current year's growth or from spurs	50-100	
First two weeks after harvest	Blueberry, Rabbiteye		
	Mature leaves from mid-portion of current season's growth	25-40	
End of bloom period	Grapes		
	Petioles from leaves adjacent to fruit clusters	60-100	
	Grape, Muscadine		
Mid to late summer but prior to final swelling of fruit	Most recent mature leaves adjacent to fruit clusters	25-30	

12 to 14 weeks after bloom	Peach Mature leaves from mid-portion or near base of current season's terminal growth, taking 4 to 8 leaves per tree	50-100
56 to 84 days after catkin fall; July 7 to August 7	Pecan Middle pair of leaflets from mid-portion of terminal growth	100
Mid Season	Raspberry Youngest mature leaves on laterals or "primo" canes	20-40
4 to 5 weeks after peak bloom	Strawberry Youngest fully expanded mature leaves	50-75
6 to 8 weeks after bloom	Walnut Middle pairs of leaflets from mature shoots	30-35

e. Sampling Instructions for Pecans

Results of a leaf analysis can be no better than the sampling procedures used. To help ensure obtaining reliable analytical results and fertilizer recommendations follow these sampling instructions.

- 1. Sample trees between July 7th and August 7th. Sampling can be extended into mid-August without significantly affecting the results.
- 2. Take one sample every 10 to 15 acres. If more than one soil type is present in the sampling area and if growth and production varies appreciably in these areas, take one sample from each soil type. Take samples at random using a zig-zag sampling pattern across the grove.
 - When samples are taken annually, the pattern of sampling should be the same; better yet, samples should be taken from the same marked trees or rows.
- 3. Collect 100 middle pair of leaflets from the middle leaf of this year's growth. (See sketch on following page.) Use terminal shoots exposed to the sun. Avoid twigs from the interior of the tree. Collect leaflets from all sides of the tree. Avoid leaflets damaged by insects and diseases.
- 4. Sample trees of different varieties and different ages separately.
- 5. Abnormal trees or trees not representative of the area should be sampled and sent separately. A complete and accurate description of abnormalities should accompany such samples.
- 6. Immediately upon collection, wipe leaves (entire surface, both top and bottom) with a damp cellulose sponge or cheesecloth to remove dust and spray residue. Do not allow the leaves to come into contact with rubber or galvanized containers. Partially air dry and place in a large paper bag.
- 7. Complete the questionnaire provided by the laboratory. Place the completed questionnaire in the smaller envelope together with a check for appropriate fees payable to "UGA Soil, Plant and Water Laboratory."

8. If recent soil test data are not available, collect a soil sample and send it to the Soil, Plant, and Water Laboratory. Soil sample bags are available at your local extension office.

Pecan Leaf



VI. Water Analyses

A. General Information

Water samples for submission to the laboratories vary as to the type of container and volume appropriate for different tests. Much time can be saved if water is initially sampled in the correct container.

a. Sample Containers

Sampling containers for testing well water or ponds are available to Extension Service County Agents from the University of Georgia Extension Storekeeper, Hoke Smith Annex (706/542-8844). Wastewater samples should be submitted in the appropriate container, either plastic or glass depending on the tests needed. Research samples should be submitted in appropriate containers – contact AESL if you need bottles. Visit our website for specific sample container requirements (http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/samplecontainers).







Many of the chemical parameters are time sensitive, which means that there is a specified amount of time that the sample can be held before testing procedures must begin. Table 1 contains the minimum sample size, preservatives, and maximum holding times for commonly requested water tests. On time sensitive samples (less that 7 days), the laboratory should be contacted for scheduling.

b. Sample Collection Techniques

In the past, except when testing for lead, the recommended sample collection technique for drinking water from wells was to collect water from the spigot closest to the well head and to let water run for 10-15 minutes before collecting the sample. This procedure was designed to address groundwater quality excluding the effects from the household plumbing, storage tank, well construction, and pump.

Except for microbiology, we now recommend that all drinking water samples be collected from the <u>first draw</u> water out of the kitchen faucet or from the faucet used most often for drinking. Please follow three basic protocols when collecting a drinking water sample:

- 1. A <u>first draw</u> water sample will be collected (after a minimum of 6 hours, but not more than 12-hour period) during which time there was no water usage prior to the sampling. The GA-EPD recommends that either early morning or evening upon returning home are the best sampling times to ensure that the necessary stagnant water conditions exist.
- 2. A kitchen or bathroom cold-water faucet is to be used for sampling. If the primary concern is the well pump, draw the water from as near the well head as possible.
- 3. Place a clean sample container below the faucet and gently open the cold water tap. Completely fill all sample bottles.

For Microbiology testing (i.e. Bacteria), follow 5 basic protocols when collecting a drinking water sample:

- 1. Select an inside faucet that is clean and not leaking.
- 2. Remove any faucet attachments such as filters, aerators, screens, splashguards, or water-saver valves.
- 3. Sanitize the faucet inside and out by dipping the faucet neck into undiluted chlorine bleach (do not use color-safe bleach).
- 4. Open tap fully and flush the faucet and pipes by running water for 3 minutes. If sampling from a faucet that mixes hot and cold water, run hot water for 3 minutes, then cold water for 3 minutes. Do not turn off the water, but reduce the flow to avoid splashing.
- 5. Uncap the sample bottle without touching the inside of the cap or bottle, fill the bottle above the 100 mL line, but not completely full and recap. Please note that the white substance in the bottle is a dechlorinating agent, which is essential. Fill the bottle only once; do not rinse.

Ponds and streams should be sub-sampled at various depths and positions across the body of water. Sub-samples should then be combined to create one sample. Wastewater samples should be collected per the requirements of the permit.

Sampling & Handling Requirements for Commonly Requested Water Tests

TABLE 1

Test	Container	Sample Volume (ml)	Preservative	Maximum Regulatory Holding Time *
Ammonia- Nitrogen	P,G	500	Analyze as soon as possible or add H ₂ SO ₄ to pH <2 then refrigerate	
Acidity	P, G(B)	250	Refrigerate	14 d
Alkalinity	P, G	250	Refrigerate	14 d
BOD	P,G	1000 (1 Liter)	Refrigerate	48 h
COD	P,G	125	Analyze as soon as possible, or add H ₂ SO ₄ to pH <2 then refrigerate	28 d
Color	P,G	125	Refrigerate	48 h
Chlorine, residual	P,G	500	Analyze immediately	Immediately
Chloride	Р	125	Refrigerate	28 d
Conductivity	P,G	500	Refrigerate	28 d
Hardness	P, G	125	H ₂ SO4 to pH<2 then refrigerate	7 d
Herbicides	G(A)	1000 (1 Liter)	Refrigerate	7 d
Mercury	P, G	125	Refrigerate; HNO₃ to pH<2	28 d
Metals (Trace) except Mercury	Р	125	HNO₃ to pH<2	6 mo
Nitrate+Nitrite- Nitrogen	P,G	125	Analyze as soon as possible or refrigerate	48 h (28 d for chlorinated samples)
Organic, Kjeldahl Nitrogen	P,G	500	H ₂ SO ₄ to pH<2 then refrigerate	28 d
Oil and Grease	G, wide-mouth calibrated	1000 (1 Liter)	Add H ₂ SO ₄ to pH<2 then refrigerate	28 d
рН	P,G	125	Analyze immediately	Immediately
Pesticides	G(A)	1000 (1 Liter)	Refrigerate	7days
Phosphate-Ortho	P, G(A)	125	For dissolved phosphate filter immediately; refrigerate	48 h
Phosphorus, Total	P,G	125	H ₂ SO ₄ to pH<2 then refrigerate	28 d
Solids	P,G	1000	Refrigerate	7 d
Total Organic Carbon	G	125	HCl to pH<2 then refrigerate	28 d
Turbidity	P,G	125	Refrigerate	48 h

P = plastic (polyethylene or equivalent); G = glass; G(A) = glass, amber; G(B) = glass, borosilicate

B. Recommended Water Tests

a. Ambient Surface Water Monitoring

Custom chemical analysis packages based on specific monitoring needs. Typical requests include: alkalinity, ammonia-N, bacteria, BOD, conductivity, organic Kjeldahl Nitrogen, nitrite+nitrate-N, phosphorus, pH, total suspended solids.

b. Environmental Research/ Investigation

Helping to quantify today's environmental toxins by specialized equipment:

- Trace metals
- Pesticides

c. Drinking Water Providers

Small Distribution Systems (Cities, Restaurants, Mobile Home Parks, etc)

W33 and W35 Required.

(Some providers do their own W33 testing)

d. Recreational Water

Test Required: W39 *E. coli* or W37 Fecal Coliform. For regulatory purpose, collected 4 consecutive weeks immediately prior to season.

e. Household Well Water/ Drinking Water

Expanded Water Test (W2):

Designed to address common well water problems in Georgia such as corrosion, high levels of iron and manganese, saltwater intrusion, and nitrate from various sources. This test package should be done at least once before using a less inclusive test package such as W1.

Basic Water Test (W1):

Only after a W-2 has been conducted annually.

Total Coliform/E. Coli (W35)

Annually

Hydrogen Sulfide (Refundable Deposit)

If your water smells like rotten eggs, then you should test for hydrogen sulfide. Call the FEW lab to borrow a hydrogen sulfide test kit.

f. Waste Water-Permitted /Research

Per permit requirements or per parameter of interest.

g. Fish Ponds

W1 and W18 recommended.

Occasionally, if water quality is a concern, biological oxygen demand (W24), nitrate-N (W6), total phosphorus (W27), and ammonium-nitrogen (W8) may be necessary.

h. Georgia Expanded Water Test Package

In a review and summary of the AESL water testing results from 1992 through 2015, the most common recurring domestic water quality problem was low pH and high iron levels. Approximately 30% of the wells tested had pH values below the recommended level of 6.5 and 17% with iron above 0.3 ppm. In conjunction with low pH, 494 samples had copper levels above 1.0 ppm and these elevated levels result from corrosion caused by these acid waters. To accurately predict the corrosion caused by water, more testing information is needed than is contained in the W1 test package. The corrosive ability of water is a function of pH, alkalinity, specific conductance (estimated dissolved solids), and calcium. A Saturation Index can be calculated using these parameters and used to predict corrosion and scaling (Table 2). Therefore, we are offering an expanded water test package that contains all the tests needed to predict corrosion. Other tests are included that provide information needed to design an appropriate water treatment system.

TABLE 2. Saturation Index Values and Recommended Treatment

Saturation Index	Description	General Recommendations
- 5.00	Severe Corrosion	Treatment Recommended
- 4.00	Moderate Corrosion	Treatment Recommended
- 3.00	Moderate Corrosion	Treatment Recommended
- 2.00	Moderate Corrosion	Treatment Should be Considered
- 1.00	Mild Corrosion	Treatment Should be Considered
- 0.50	Mild Corrosion	Treatment Probably Not Needed
0.00	Balanced	Treatment Typically Not Needed
0.50	Some Faint Coating	Treatment Typically Not Needed
1.00	Mild Scale Forming	Some Aesthetic Problems
2.00	Mild Scale Forming	Some Aesthetic - Consider
3.00	Moderate Scale Forming	Treatment Should be Considered
4.00	Severe Scale Forming	Treatment Probably Required
5.00	Severe Scale Forming	Treatment Required

C. Microbiology of Water Samples

- The lab <u>must receive</u> these samples <u>within 24 hours</u> following sample collection.
 Sterile sample containers must be obtained from the Feed & Environmental Water Lab and water must be collected directly into these containers, other containers will not be accepted for testing.
- Submission forms and instructions for collecting drinking, recreational, or irrigation water samples are provided at AESL's website (http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/forms).
- See sampling instructions on the following page.

NOTE: Sample acceptance times are listed for each test below:

a. Sampling Instructions: Escherichia coli (E. coli) in Drinking Water

- 1. <u>Samples are accepted for analysis on Monday through Thursday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.</u> and the fee for analysis is \$46.00, including a next-day shipping label. If shipping is not needed, the fee is \$36.00 for the laboratory test. Please make checks out to UGA FEW Lab.
- 2. Samples must be accepted for analysis within 24 hours of the collection time. Therefore, plan ahead by pre-selecting a day and time to collect your sample that will allow for shipping or travel time.
- 3. If you have shock chlorinated your well, you must wait until the chlorine has dissipated before collecting sample.
- 4. Choose an inside faucet that is clean and not leaking.
- 5. Remove any faucet attachments such as filters, aerators, screens, splashguards or water-saver valves.
- 6. Sanitize the faucet inside and out by dipping the faucet neck into undiluted chlorine bleach (do not use color-safe bleach).
- 7. Open tap fully and flush the faucet and pipes by running water for 3 minutes. If sampling from a faucet that mixes hot and cold water, run hot water for 3 minutes, then cold water for 3 minutes.
- 8. At the end of step #7, reduce the flow to avoid splashing, uncap the sample bottle without touching the inside of the cap or bottle, fill the bottle above the 100-ml line but not completely full (Fill the bottle only once, do not rinse), and recap tightly.
- 9. Place sample in the sample box, seal sample box, affix UPS shipping label and call UPS at 800-742-5877 to determine your local pick-up/drop off place and time for "Next Day Air" packages. Or hand deliver to the Ag. Services Laboratory, 2300 College Station Road, Athens.

b. Sampling Instructions: Escherichia coli (E. coli) in Recreational Water

- 1. Samples are accepted for analysis on Monday through Thursday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. and the fee for analysis is \$46.00, including a next-day shipping label. If shipping is not needed, the fee is \$36.00 for the laboratory test. Please make checks out to UGA FEW Lab.
- 2. Samples must be accepted for analysis within 24 hours of the collection time. Therefore, plan ahead by pre-selecting a day and time to collect your sample that will allow for shipping or travel time.
- 3. Completely fill out the information requested on the opposite side of the form. Essential info. must be completed for sample to be accepted.
- Select the appropriate sampling area needed to obtain a representative sample for the recreational use of the water. If help is needed making this choice, please contact Dr. Uttam Saha at 706-542-7690.
- 5. Uncap the sample bottle without touching the inside of the cap or bottle, collect the water sample by holding the bottle near its base in the hand and plunging it, neck downward, below the surface. Turn bottle until neck points slightly upward and mouth is directed toward the current. If there is no current, create a current artificially by pushing bottle forward les horizontally in a direction away from the hand. Collect the sample approximately 1ft below the water surface.
- 6. The white substance in the bottle is a dechlorinating agent. Please do not rinse the bottle out.
- 7. It is best to take samples during a range of environmental and climatic conditions, especially during times when maximal pollution occurs.
- 8. Place sample in the sample box, seal sample box, affix UPS shipping label and call UPS at 800-742-5877 to determine your local pick-up/drop off place and time for "Next Day Air" packages. Or hand deliver to the FEW Laboratory, 2300 College Station Road, Athens, GA 30602.

VII. Feed and Forage Analyses

A. General Information

- Taking a representative sample is the most important step in assuring quality analyses. Please follow sampling procedures as described later in this section.
- Supply complete information on the sample submission form to ensure maximum usefulness to the client. The **animal** and **feed type** must be given if you want calculations for total digestible nutrients (TDN) or net energies.
- For total mixed rations, concentrates, vitamin/mineral blends, grains and byproducts, collect multiple core samples or grab samples. Composite the cores or grab samples, mix thoroughly, and sub-sample into quart Ziploc bag.
- Submit hays and silages in a gallon Ziploc bag.

B. Taking a Good Forage Sample

Adapted from a procedure published by the National Forage Testing Association http://www.foragetesting.org/lab-procedure/appendix/appendixE.htm

a. Introduction

Sampling is a major factor affecting the accuracy of forage quality analyses. Chemical analysis is valid only to the extent that the sample analyzed represents the lot of hay or haylage to be fed.

Forage Lots

Take samples by "lots" of hay or silage. A "lot" is defined as hay or silage, which has been made from the same cutting, field, and stage of maturity. A sample should not represent more than 200 tons dry matter. For lots larger than 200 tons, two or more samples should be taken and the average of the results used to represent the lot.

Sampling Equipment

The most commonly used sampling method for baled or stacked hay employs a hollow tube (probe) to extract core samples from the hay. Use a probe that travels at least 12 to 18 inches into the hay package for most hay packages. The internal diameter of the probe should be at least 3/8 of an inch. Probes with sharpened tips must be kept sharp to cut through hay. A dull tip may reduce the amount of stem material in the sample due to the tip sliding past rather than cutting through the stems.

b. Sampling Hay and Haylage

Baled Hay

Baled hay packages are not uniform products because the initial windrows were not uniform and the baling process affects the distribution of leaves and stems (bale structure) within the bale. Based on the structure of the hay package to be sampled, the hay should be probed in such a way as to adequately sample the various concentrations of stems and

leaves. At least 20 cores (one core per bale) should be taken, combined, and mixed well to develop one sample per lot. Bales within a lot of hay should be sampled at random. Random means that there should be no pre-chosen reason for selecting a specific bale to sample (i.e., location, color, leafiness, etc.). Techniques to guard against non-random sampling are to sample every fourth or fifth bale going around the stack, truck, or down the row in the field or take at least five random samples from each of the four sides of a stack. Sample rectangular bales, regardless of size, using a probe centered in the end of a bale and drill horizontally into the bale.

Sample round bales by drilling horizontally into the curved side of the bale. Deteriorated hay from the exterior of the bale should not be sampled if it will not be fed to animals or they can be selective in their feeding. However, if hay to be sold includes the deteriorated exterior, it should be included in the sampling. Bales stored outside should be sampled within 2 to 4 weeks of feeding so that continued deterioration does not significantly lower bale quality from the sample taken for analysis.

Stacked Hay

For loose hay use a probe at least 30 inches long with 3/4 inch or larger internal diameter and drill at an angle from the side of the stack to the probe's full depth in 20 random locations throughout the stack. In a mow, hold the probe vertically and drill at the spot where the hay is compressed by the weight of the operator. Discard any weather damaged surface layer that would not be included in the part being fed or sold. Hay stored outside should be sampled within 2 to 4 weeks of feeding so that continued deterioration does not significantly lower bale quality from the sample taken for analysis.

Cubes and Pellets

Hay cubes or pellets should be sampled by collecting several hay cubes or handfuls of pellets from 15 to 20 locations in each "lot" so that a minimum of 40 cubes or 2 lb of pellets are selected. Each lot should be limited to 200 tons or less.

Silage

Silage. Collect a 1- to 2-lb sample from the silo unloader while it is operating or a comparable amount from several sites in a bunker or silo tube. Do not collect a silage sample until at least two weeks after ensiling. Do not collect a silage sample from the top 2 to 3 feet in a top-loading upright silo. Avoid sampling from moldy or spoiled areas in silo, bunker or tube. Also, avoid sampling silage that has been exposed to the air for several hr. Sample bunker silos by sampling 12 to 15 sites from the face of the silage in the silo.

Sampling chopped forage as it is being put into the silo will give an indication of forage quality but will not account for changes occurring during the ensiling process. Fiber changes are usually less than 1 unit and occur primarily because digestible material is lost through respiration or juices leaching out. Protein content and solubility can change significantly during the ensiling process depending on the fermentation process.

Mixed Rations

Total Mixed Rations (TMR). Total mixed rations are difficult to sample because they are seldom homogeneous or well mixed. When it is unlikely that a sampling method can produce a representative sample, it is recommended that the components of total mixed rations be sampled and analyzed individually. When confident that a representative sample can be obtained, a TMR sample may be analyzed by wet chemistry. NIR calibration on TMR samples has not been successful.

Special Sample Handling

Sampling silages, haylages and total mixed rations may produce a large amount of sample. The sample should not be divided because stems and leaves will separate and settle in the sample. The sample should be taken early in the week, placed in a polyethylene, airtight (e.g. freezer) bag, sealed tightly and immediately mailed or delivered to the laboratory. Perishable samples should be mailed immediately after collection and should be mailed early in the week so they arrive at the laboratory without spending the weekend in shipment. Samples except for those intended for prussic acid testing can be frozen before shipment.

Record Keeping

It is recommended to keep records of information about each lot of forage that is sampled and analyzed. These records should contain information about the source (area where grown), forage type (species), cutting number, stage of maturity, and special conditions (frost, drought, etc.). Further information such as cutting date and interval between cuttings may also helpful when managing your forage quality.

VIII. Animal Waste Analyses

A. General Information

Sample Submission

- A representative sample of the material should be submitted as close as possible to the time of application.
- Samples should be placed in pint size resealable plastic bags (solid sample) or plastic bottles (liquid sample).
- Glass containers are not acceptable because they may break in shipment.
- Properly seal lid using tape to avoid sample leakage during transit. Use adequate packing.
- Enclose Animal Waste Submission Form (see submission form section). Do not staple forms to re-sealable plastic bag.
- Bottles are available upon request from Extension Storekeeper:

Storekeeper Cooperative Extension The University of Georgia Room 103, Hoke Smith Annex Athens, GA 30602





Poultry Litter Analysis

Since April 2000, the Total Minerals Test (A1) has been provided free of charge to Georgia Poultry Producers who submit poultry litter through their county extension program. Litter testing is an integral part of the Georgia Poultry industry program of voluntary comprehensive nutrient management plans (CNMPs) that call for both soil and litter/manure testing. Funds have been appropriated by the Georgia General Assembly to support the free litter- testing program. Only the A1 test is free; charges still apply for other tests on poultry litter.

To qualify for the free test, samples need to be submitted through Data Transfer's Online Submission procedure. In order to use the online submission successfully, all fields in the submission form will need to be filled out. This will require that the grower provides the information requested. To facilitate submission, the programmed on-line submission form has drop-down boxes that will make filling out the form much easier. The information on the form will serve as a valuable contribution to our ongoing database for long term nutrient management planning.

B. Manure Sampling and Testing

Manures can be quite variable in nutrient content. This variability may be due to different animal species, feed composition, bedding material, storage and handling as well as other factors. Testing at or near the time of application tells you the fertilizer value to make decisions about rates to apply. Some livestock producers are faced with nutrient

management regulations that require manure testing. Also, if buying or selling litter/manure for fertilizer use, testing will help both buyer and seller establish the fertilizer value.

Manure Sample Collection

According to the Georgia Environmental Protection Division (EPD) "Swine Feeding Operation Permit Requirements," lagoon effluent is to be sampled semiannually. Preferably, the sample should be taken as near the application time as possible prior to the manure application. However, if it is urgent to pump down a full lagoon or storage pond, you should not wait until you can sample and obtain the results. You should sample the day of irrigation. The results can later be used to determine the nutrients applied to the fields and identify the need for additional nutrients to complete crop production.

Manures should be sampled and tested near the time of application because the nutrient content can change considerably over time, particularly if stockpiled and unprotected from the weather. Nitrogen (N) is the nutrient that is the most likely to be affected. The frequency for testing your manure will depend upon several factors, but, as noted above, lagoon effluent needs to be tested at least semiannually. The type of manure and overall management system will also be factors. Animal producers using lagoon manure storage systems should sample every time that the liquid or slurry will be pumped and applied to the land. Proper sampling is the key to reliable manure analysis. Although laboratory procedures are accurate, they have little value if the sample fails to represent the manure product. Manure samples submitted to a laboratory should represent the average composition of the material that will be applied to the field. Reliable samples typically consist of material collected from a number of locations. Precise sampling methods vary according to the type of manure. The laboratory, County Extension Agent, or crop consultant should have specific instructions on sampling.

Liquid Manure

Liquid manure samples submitted for analysis should meet the following requirements:

- Place sample in a sealed, clean plastic container with about a 1-pint volume. Glass is not suitable because it is breakable and may contain contaminants.
- Leave at least 1 inch of air space in the plastic container to allow for expansion caused by the release of gas from the manure material.
- Refrigerate or freeze samples that cannot be shipped on the day they are collected.
 This will minimize chemical reactions and pressure buildup from gases.

Ideally, liquid manure should be sampled after it is thoroughly mixed. Because this is sometimes impractical, samples can also be taken in accordance with the suggestions that follow.

Lagoon effluent: Premixing the surface liquid in the lagoon is not needed, provided it is the only component that is being pumped. Growers with multistage systems should draw samples from the lagoon they intend to pump for crop irrigation.

Samples should be collected using a clean, plastic container similar to the one shown in Figure 1. One pint of material should be taken from at least eight sites around the lagoon and then mixed in the larger clean, plastic container. Effluent should be collected at least 6 feet from the edge of the lagoon at a depth of about a foot. Shallower samples from anaerobic lagoons may be less representative than deep samples because oxygen transfer near the surface sometimes alters the chemistry of the solution. Floating debris and scum

should be avoided. One pint of the mixed material should be sent to the laboratory. Galvanized containers should never be used for collection, mixing, or storage due to the risk of contamination from metals like zinc in the container.

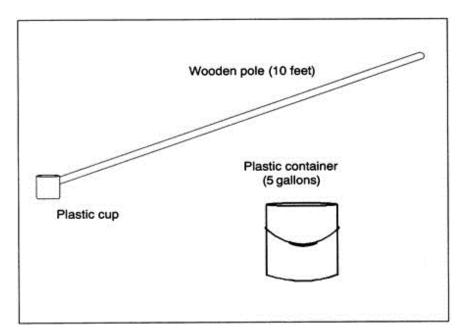


Figure 1. Liquid manure sampling device

Liquid slurry: Manure slurries that are applied from a pit or storage pond should be mixed prior to sampling. If you agitate your pit or basin prior to sampling, a sampling device pictured in Figure 1 can be used. If you wish to sample a storage structure without agitation, you must use a composite sampling device as shown in Figure 2. Manure should be collected from approximately eight areas around the pit or pond and mixed thoroughly in a clean, plastic container. An 8- to 10-foot section of 0.5- to 0.75-inch plastic pipe can also be used: extend the pipe into the pit with ball plug open, pull up the ball plug (or press your thumb over the end to form an air lock), and remove the pipe from the manure, releasing the air lock to deposit the manure into the plastic container.

Lagoon sludge: Representative samples of lagoon sludge are more difficult to obtain than samples with lower solid contents. Two common methods are used. One method requires lagoon pump-down to the sludge layers. Then, during sludge agitation, a liquid or slurry type of sample described above may be collected. The other method requires insertion of a probe into the lagoon to the bottom to obtain a column of material. A "sludge-judge" is a device commonly used for this type of sampling. The sludge component of this column is then released into a clean plastic bucket, and several (12-20) other sampling points around the lagoon are likewise collected to obtain a composite, representative sample. This procedure must be performed with a boat or mobile floating dock.

For analysis, most laboratories require at least 1 pint of material in a plastic container. The sample should not be rinsed into the container because doing so dilutes the mixture and distorts nutrient evaluations. However, if water is typically added to the manure prior to land application, a proportionate quantity of water should be added to the sample.

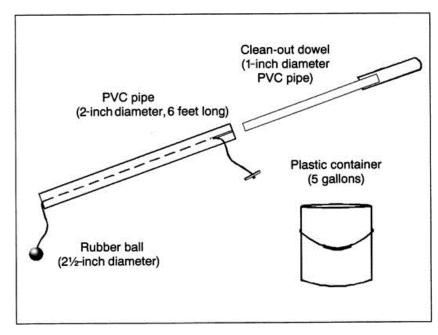


Figure 2. Composite sampling device

Solid Manure

Solid manure samples should represent the average moisture content of the manure. A one-quart sample is adequate for analysis. Samples should be taken from approximately eight different areas in the manure pile, placed in a clean, plastic container, and thoroughly mixed. Approximately one quart of the mixed sample should be placed in a plastic bag, sealed, and shipped directly to the laboratory. Samples stored for more than two days should be refrigerated. Figure 3 shows a device for sampling solid manure.

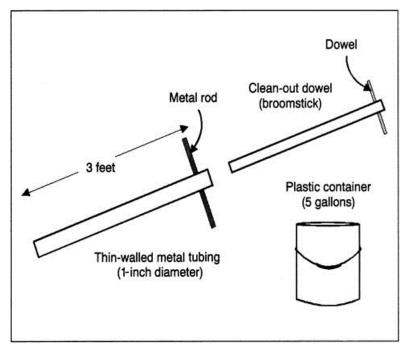


Figure 3. Solid manure sampling device

Stockpiled manure or litter: Ideally, stockpiled manure and litter should be stored under cover on an impervious surface. The weathered exterior of uncovered waste may not accurately represent the majority of the material. Rainfall generally moves water-soluble nutrients down into the pile. If an unprotected stockpile is used over an extended period, it should be sampled before each application.

Stockpiled manure should be sampled at a depth of at least 18 inches at six or more locations. The collected material should be combined in a plastic container and mixed thoroughly. The one-quart laboratory sample should be taken from this mixture, placed in a plastic bag, sealed, and shipped to the laboratory for analysis. If the sample cannot be shipped within one day of sampling, it should be refrigerated.

Surface-scraped manure: Surface-scraped and piled materials should be treated like stockpiled manure. Follow the same procedures for taking samples. Ideally, surface-scraped materials should be protected from the weather unless they are used immediately.

Composted manure: Ideally, composted manure should be stored under cover on an impervious surface. Although nutrients are somewhat stabilized in these materials, some nutrients can leach out during rains. When compost is left unprotected, samples should be submitted to the laboratory each time the material is applied. Sampling procedures are the same as those described for stockpiled waste.

In-house Litter: Litter in the poultry house can vary considerably depending on location within the house. Litter around watering systems, feeders, and brooders should be sampled proportionate to the entire house floor. Special attention should be given to sampling in-house litter by making every effort to representatively sample the entire volume of litter that will be cleaned out and land applied. Collect at least 10 to 12 one-pint samples throughout the house and combine these samples into a plastic bucket. Take care to sample the entire depth of litter without including soil from the house floor. After thoroughly mixing the individual samples in the bucket, place approximately one quart of this mixture into a plastic bag or plastic wide-mouth jar.

Manure Tests to Request

The County Extension Office has sample submission forms and information on tests that are most often needed and can assist with shipping samples to the University of Georgia (UGA) Ag and Environmental Services Laboratories. The UGA manure sample submission forms are in the "Form Examples" section of this schedule. Poultry producers should use the

<u>Poultry Litter/Manure Submission Form for Nutrient Management Plans</u>. All others should use Animal Waste Submission Form for Land Application.

Basic UGA manure test package: Your individual permits will dictate the frequency and kinds of testing. The basic manure test package at the UGA Ag and Environmental Services Laboratories includes: (all are as total elemental nutrient)

- Nitrogen (N)
- Phosphorus (P)
- Potassium (K)
- Calcium (Ca)
- Magnesium (Mg)
- Sodium (Na)
- Sulfur (S)
- Aluminum (Al)
- Iron (Fe)

- Boron (B)
- Copper (Cu)
- Manganese (Mn)
- Zinc (Zn).

Additional test on liquid manure for CNMP: Lagoon effluent samples submitted for basic manure testing at the UGA Ag Services Labs will have additional analyses that include:

- Total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN)
- Ammonium nitrogen
- Nitrate nitrogen.

Manure Report

The UGA Ag and Environmental Services Laboratories reports results for solid manures in both percentages and pounds of nutrients per ton on an "as received" basis since this is how you will be applying the material. Liquid sample results are reported as parts per million (ppm) and converted into both pounds per 1,000 gallons and pounds per acre inch of application for your convenience in determining rates. The phosphorus and potassium are reported in the fertilizer basis as P_2O_5 and K_2O respectively. Other laboratories may report their results differently. If a lab reports phosphorus and potassium as elemental P or K, you must convert them into the fertilizer basis of P_2O_5 or K_2O . This can be done with the following conversions:

P multiplied by $2.29 = P_2O_5$ K multiplied by $1.20 = K_2O$

The amount of the total nutrients in manure that will be available to plants varies depending on the type of manure and whether it will be applied to the surface of the soil, incorporated or injected. County Extension Agents and other qualified professionals can assist with the calculation of manure nutrient availability based on when and how you will make application. This information, combined with the soil test report and other information, is necessary to develop a CNMP.

IX. Biosolids, Sludge, and Non-Animal Wastes Analyses

Biosolids refer to the nutrient-rich organic materials produced by wastewater-treatment plants. In the past, the majority of this raw sewage was disposed of by dumping directly into our nation's rivers, lakes, and bays. However, upon treatment and processing, this sewage sludge, called Biosolids, can be safely recycled and applied as fertilizer.

Biosolids were used by American farmers since the 1920s who believed the material worked better than traditional fertilizers due to their rich nutrients and organic matter that reduced soil erosion. In southeastern Georgia, some farmers are using the biosolids under the regulation of the Georgia Department of Natural Resources.

In AESL, we offer a variety of tests for Biosolids, sludge, and non-animal wastes, including minerals, nutrients (especially different forms of N), total carbon, total (volatile) solids, and environmental concerns (such as pollutants Hg and As, and fecal coliforms). Please refer to the full list of tests offered in AESL.

X. Miscellaneous Analyses

Application of chemical fertilizers can contribute to soil acidification which is harmful for plant production, liming is a common practice to improve the pH of acidic soils. But how much to apply liming materials in a soil is varying. Soil Calcium Carbonate Equivalent (CCE) or content of Calcium plus Magnesium (for dolomitic limestone) offers a numeric value to the effectiveness of different liming materials. Both tests are offered in the AESL laboratories.

XI. Trace Level Analyses

Trace level metals exist extensively in soil, water, plant, chemical fertilizer, manures, animal waste, non-animal waste, and biosolids, and might be beneficial or highly toxic to plants, animals, and human beings depending on the metal types and their concentrations. Accurately quantifying their concentrations is not only important to agricultural production, but vital to human health. Relevant Information about trace metals in environmental media can be found in the UGA extension websites:

http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/publications/watercirc/LeadCopper.pdf

http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/publications/watercirc/Arsenic.pdf

http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/publications/watercirc/Mercury.pdf

http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/publications/watercirc/Uranium.pdf

http://extension.uga.edu/publications/detail.cfm?number=B1353

http://extension.uga.edu/publications/detail.cfm?number=B1390#3

XII. Pesticide, Herbicide, and Organic Compounds Analyses

The Pesticide & Hazardous Waste Lab analyzes for the presence of certain insecticides and herbicides in soil, plant, fish and water samples. It also provides tests for hazardous materials in municipal and industrial sludges; petroleum and organic solvents in soil and water; and drinking water standards for homeowner systems.

Please do **not send pesticide samples in plastic bottles**. Below is a list of approved sample containers:



Water - *GLASS ONLY!*1 liter Bottle **or** Quart Mason Jar (cover top w/ foil)



Soil - Sediment *Use glass for wet soil or sediment*



Herbicide on Foliage: Fill a Quart Size Bag Wrap the sample in foil or paper towel.



Need two 40 mL glass vials to fill to the top.

No air bubbles!

VOA

BTEX
GRO

1 liter glass Bottle or Quart Mason Jar (cover top w/ foil)

TPH DRO







Soil - Petroleum BTEX, VOA, and TPH

Frequently Asked Question:

Q: The test checks for 6 parameters but I want only 1 parameter, can I get the test done at a cheaper cost?

A. No, because the cost of the standard and sample prep or extraction requires the same amount of work to test for 1 as it does to test for 6 parameters.

Q: Do you test fuel (gasoline, diesel oil, or kerosene)?

A. No, contact the Georgia Fuel Lab at: 404-363-7597.

Q: Do you test for asbestos?

A. No, contact Clayton Group Services at 770-499-7500.

Q: What submission form do we send?

A. Use the standard water or soil form and write in the special analysis you are requesting.

Q: What is the standard turn-around time?

A. Two weeks, but sometimes may be done faster upon request.

XIII. Crop Quality Analyses

The Agricultural and Environmental Services Laboratories (AESL) offers tests for the analysis of flavor compounds in onions and other crops. The list of tests being offered and sample report form is shown at http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/Onion/Example.pdf. The sample submission form can be found at http://aesl.ces.uga.edu/Onion/Submission.pdf. The fee for these analyses is \$80 per sample; however, if samples are submitted in groups of 10 samples or more at a time, then the cost per sample is \$70. Samples can be submitted through county extension offices, in which case the c ost of shipping is included in the samples cost, or samples can be mailed directly, in which case the growers are responsible for covering the cost of shipping. Each composite sample from the grower should consist of ten onions (see sampling protocol below). It is important to place the composite sample in a paper or mesh bag only. Plastic bags should NOT be used. The bagged sample/s should be shipped by UPS in a cardboard shipping box. Shipping boxes (12x10x6" for one composite sample of 10 onions or 12x10x12" for 2 composite samples) are available from the Extension mail room at the Hoke Smith Annex (Phone: 706-542-8844) and prepaid UPS shipping labels are available at the AESL (Phone: 706-542-7690, e-mail: FEWLab@uga.edu). All samples should be clearly labeled and submitted along with a completed sample submission form. Mail the boxed samples to AESL at the address provided above.

Field Sampling Protocol

To best represent a field, collect onion samples randomly around the area. If the sample is to represent a 5-10 acre field, divide the area into four quadrants, collect two (2) mature onions from each quadrant, and 2 onions from the center of the field. It is ideal to collect onions of the same size and maturity. If the sample is from the packing house, make sure that the onion lot is well represented by collecting ten onions from various sections of the lot. Again, it is best to collect onions of the same grade, size and maturity.

For inquiry, call: 706-542-9023 and ask for information. Prepaid UPS shipping labels are available from 706-542-7690.

Part III

Submission and Order Forms

Dat	e Mailed:						LAB USI	E ONLY	
	CHECK SUBMISSION FORM					Set I.D.	· •		
	REFER TO CURRENT	PRICE LIST FOI	R CORREC	CT CHAR	GES				
B	E SURE TO NOTE NUMBE	ER OF TESTS U	NDER CO	RRECT 1	HEADI	NG		County Co	de:
	Check covers analysis for the following	g samples. Indicate nu	umber of tests r	equested (us	se number,	NOT CHI	ECK MARI	K)	
	Client Name	#Routine	#Boron	#Soluble Salts	#O.M.	#Nitrate	#Green- house	#Other	Amt. Due (\$
1									
2									
3									
4									
5									
6									
7			1						
8									
9									
11									
12									
13									
14									

Total Amount Due (\$) ____

Order Form for Soil, Plant & Water Analysis Supplies

From:	To: Soil, Plant & Water Laboratory 2400 College Station Road Athens, Georgia 30602-9105	County:	
	_	Date:	
	OR		
	E-mail: soiltest@uga.edu		
Quantity	Description of Item		
	Soil Test Probes (Check made out to Georgia 4-H Foundation)		
	Download all other forms from http://gogl.gog.uga.adu		
	Download all other forms from http://aesl.ces.uga.edu		
******Sul	omit orders for Water Bottles, Boxes and Soil bags to the following	address: *******	
	Storekeeper Cooperative Ext. Service		
	The University of Georgia		
Room 103, Hoke Smith Annex			
	Athens, Georgia 30602		
	Mailing Labels – (Order from your District Director)		

Retain a copy for your records. Submit other forms to Soil, Plant & Water Laboratory, 2400 College Station Rd, Athens, GA 30602-9105

SOIL SUBMISSION FORM

DATE MAILED: COUNTY CODE: PHONE:	ROUTINE or SPECIAL (list tests):	SET ID:
	(for returning soil report)	Login Date:

NAME		ADDRESS (required)			
Last	First	Street, City, Zip Code	Sample ID	Crop Codes (up to 5)	Lab Number
1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					
5.					
6.					
7.					
8.					
9.					
10.					
11.					
12.					

INSTRUCTIONS:

If samples are not paid for through an Extension office, payment must be included.

Include only 12 samples per form, 1 sample per line. Info on sample bag should match info on form.

Crop and County codes must be used.

Samples for **Special** analyses must be listed on a separate form.

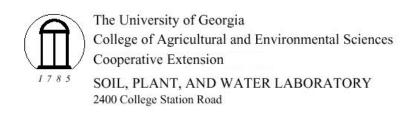
All samples listed on sheet should be enclosed in same box.

Enclose forms **inside** envelope and place **inside** box.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Address</u>	Sample ID	Crop Code
1. Doe, John	3657 Rocky Rd. Atlanta 30303	Lawn	CLM, 087, 086
2. Smith, Mae	1254 Peach Dr. Atlanta 30078	1	112, 098, 105, 101

LAB USE ONLY					
CASH	CREDIT	CHECK #			
RECEIPT #					
TECHNICIAN					

LAB USE ONLY



Lab Use Only	
LAB #:	
Received by:	
Date Received:	
Date Returned:	
Fee Received:	
·	

PLANT SUBMISSION FORM

Please Note – Retain a copy of this form for your files. Submit one copy per sample.

Grower	Appearance of Plant
Name (Print)	Normal Abnormal (describe)
A ddm	
Address:	
	Plant Diseases? YES NO
City:	Insect Problem? YES NO
State: Zip Code:	Was a soil sample taken from this same area for: 1. Soil Test YES NO
County Agent:	2. Nematode Assay YES NO
County:	List any foliar fertilizers or fungicides sprayed on this crop:
IMPORTANT Samples should be placed in a 10"x13" paper envelope or a PAPER BAG, which is labeled with your name, address, the crop, and sample description.	Additional comments about samples:
TYPE OF SAMPLE	IRRIGATION
Crop: Code: Variety or Hyb	orid: YES
Crop: Code: Variety or Hyb Sample No of Date Planted:	<u> </u>
<u> </u>	Date Sampled: NO
Sample No of Date Planted:	Date Sampled: NO Fruiting Mature
Sample No of Date Planted: Stage of Growth: Seedling Early Growth Bloom [Date Sampled: NO Fruiting Mature Inches
Sample No of Date Planted: Stage of Growth: Seedling Early Growth Bloom Wheat: (Enter Growth Stage No.) Plant Height:	Date Sampled: NO Fruiting Mature Inches
Sample No of Date Planted: Stage of Growth: Seedling Early Growth Bloom Wheat: (Enter Growth Stage No.) Plant Height: (Notice: Do not send root portion. Leaves covered with dust or received.)	Date Sampled: NO Fruiting Mature Inches ently sprayed should be rinsed and air-dried before mailing.)
Sample No of Date Planted: Stage of Growth: Seedling Early Growth Bloom Wheat: (Enter Growth Stage No.) Plant Height: (Notice: Do not send root portion. Leaves covered with dust or recomplant PART SAMPLED: (Check One)	Date Sampled: NO Fruiting Mature Inches ently sprayed should be rinsed and air-dried before mailing.) Position of Plant Leaf (Check One)
Sample No of Date Planted: Stage of Growth: Seedling Early Growth Bloom Wheat: (Enter Growth Stage No.) Plant Height: (Notice: Do not send root portion. Leaves covered with dust or rece PLANT PART SAMPLED: (Check One) Whole Plant Leaves	Date Sampled: NO



The University of Georgia College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences Cooperative Extension Service SOIL, PLANT, AND WATER LABORATORY 2400 College Station Rd. Athens GA 30602

WATER SUBMISSION FORM

Please Note – Retain a copy of this form for your files. Submit one copy per sample.

	SUBMITTING COUNTY	*		ple location om client's address)		
COUNTY:			County:			
Client Nam	e:		Name:			
	ress:		Sample Address:			
	Zip:					
			Other	Information		
			Date Received:			
	results are sent to submitting co		Sample name:			
		•	E (Check One):			
☐ Household V	Well ☐ Irrigation Well ☐ Irriga	tion Pond	unicipal Water	d Other:		
IF THE WA	ATER SOURCE IS A WELI	L (if known):				
Well Depth	:ft. Wel	ll Casing Diam	eter: in.			
What is the	e end use of the water:					
Briefly desc	cribe any problems and/or re	easons for testi	ng water (optional):			
	TEST RE	OUESTED (Ci	rcle all that apply):			
W1 – BASI	C TEST (Includes: pH, P, K, Ca, M	•	11.07	culated Hardness)		
W2 – GA E	xpanded Water Test W	6 – Nitrate (NO	O ₃ -N) W7 – Nitr	rite (NO2-N)		
	all that apply,					
	EPD Public Water Systems Revi			S:		
W33 – GA E	EFD Fublic Water Systems Revi			S•		
		FOR LAB U				
Payment Re	ceived:		Date Retur	ned:		
pH	NO ₂ -N	NH ₄ -N	Pb	E.C		
F	Cl	NO ₃ -N	PO ₄	SO ₄		
Special Note	ac.					

Lab# _____

ANIMAL WASTE

SUBMISSION FORM FOR LAND APPLICATION

Please Note - Retain a copy of this form for your files. Submit one copy per sample.

Address Co City State Zip Da		Sample II	Sample ID County		
		County			
		Date Red	ceived		
		Phone			
	Choose one Kind		dition		Application Method
	<u>Kind</u>	Condition		Broadcast Su	rface
LITTER	Broiler	© Fresh/S	stackhouse	O Broadcast Inc	corporated
	Layer	O Deep S		Soil Injected	
	Breeder	Compos		Irrigation appl	lied
	Pullet	Other		Other	
MANURE	Opairy	Slurry			
	Swine	Solid			
	Beef	O Compos	sted		
	OHorse				
	Other				
LAGOON	Swine	O Layer			
	O Dairy	Other			
	(C)	heck all that an	Tests Requested ply and consult Fee Scl	hedule for pricing)	
A1: Total I	Minerals + Nitroger		pry and consult ree con		idual Tests
Recommended	d for litters. (1 pint Zi	iploc® bag)		A2: Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	
Includes phosphorus, potassium, calcium, magnesium, iron, aluminum, sulfur, manganese, boron, copper, zinc, sodium, and nitrogen.		☐ A3: Nitrate-Nitrogen			
	Minerals + Nitroger			A4: Ammonium-Nitrogen	
	for manures. (1 pin			A5: Moisture	
	Minerals + Nitroger	n* + Nitrate-Nit	rogen + Ammonium-	Other	
Nitrogen Recommended	d for lagoons. (1 pint	t sample)		*Nitrogen is total nitr	ogen for litters or Kjeldahl
	<u> </u>			nitrogen for manures	
			For Lab Use Only		
Date Re	ceived:		-	Date Returned:	
Paymen	t Received:		-	Invoice #:	
NH ₄ -N	Moisture _		NO ₃ -N	Total Nitrogen	Other

The University of Georgia

College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences

Cooperative Extension Service

SOIL, PLANT, AND WATER LABORATORY

2400 College Station Road

For Lab Use Only
Lab # _____

BIOSOLID OR NON-ANIMAL WASTE/COMPOST SUBMISSION FORM

Please Note - Retain a copy of this form for your files. Submit one copy per sample.

lame:			Sample	#:	
Iailing address:				ty:	
ity, State, Zip:				_	
			_ Date Receive	d:	
Sample Type:					
*Bio-solids – 503 Re	gulations	O Non	503 Regulations		
O Class A or	O Class B				
*NOTE:					
	plication of biosol PHW Lab for thes				entation is required.
	athogen reduction ontact the FEW L a			nin 24 hours of coll	ection.
ND USE OF MATER	ΙΔΙ.				
ESTS REQUESTED					
O All for 503 (SC13	3)				
O Total Minerals:	,				
Phosphorus (P) Potassium (K) Calcium (Ca)	Magnesium (Mg) Sulfur (S) Manganese (Mn)	Iron (Fe) Aluminum (Al) Boron (B)	Copper (Cu) Zinc (Zn) Sodium (Na)	Lead (Pb) Cadmium (Cd) Chromium (Cr)	Nickel (Ni) Molybdenum (Mo)
O Total Nitrogen	O Fecal C	oliform (pathoge	n reduction)		
O Arsenic	O Seleniu	m	O Arsenic + Se	lenium	O Mercury
O pH	O Total K	jeldahl Nitrogen	(excluding nitrate	e nitrogen) O	Nitrate Nitrogen
O Ammonium Nitro	gen O Total V	olatile Solids	O Total Sol	ids Other:	
		FOR LAB	USE ONLY		
Date Received:	Time I	Received:		Date Retur	ned:
Payment Received:		<u></u>			e #:
Received By:				mvoice	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Total Solids	S	NO ₃ -N	Mercury
114-11	vioisture	Total Bolius	·	1103-11	Mcreary
otal N	Arsenic	Total Volatile S	olids	Selenium	Other

Feed and Forage Testing Application Form – Beef Cattle and Dairy Cattle			
N	·	ient Information	
Name:			Date:
Address:			Sample No:
City:	State: Zip:		Phone:
Date Received in County Office: County: Agent:		Agent:	
Signature of the county en (Needed if submitted through	nployee: the the county extension office)		
(Treated if Succinition and ag	, ,	e check only the most important class)
Beef Cattle:	Animai Ciasses (1 ieus	e check only the most important class	2
Dry Cows hd	wt Stocker hd (steers) _	hd (heifers) wt	exp. ADG
		hd (heifers) wt	
		ind (noncres) wr	
,			
Dairy Cattle: Lactat	ting Cows Dry Cows	Heifers w	t
Group Num	Wt. Milk lb.	Fat% Days in Milk	
1			
2			Other:
3			Milk price, \$/cwt
	Test(s) Reque	sted (Check all appropriate.)	
F1 Hays and Silage (N	NIR + nitrate + minerals)	F7 Routine Feed Analys:	is (Includes minerals)
F2 Hays and Silage (N	NIR + nitrate, excluding minerals)	F8 Proximate Analysis (Protein, Fat, Fiber, Moisture &Ash)
F3 Hays and Silage (N	VIR only)	F10 Crude Protein	
F4 Hays and Silage (V	Wet Chemistry) includes minerals	F14 Nitrates	
F5 Hays and Silages (Wet Chemistry) excludes minerals Other:			
F6 Hays and Silages (- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Other:	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	of Feed and Forage	
Please check the one most ap	propriate type from the list below.	<u> </u>	
Silage:	Hay: Haylage/baleage:	Grain:	By-products:
Corn	Alfalfa	Corn	Soybean hulls
Sorghum (Silage)	Annual Ryegrass	Grain Sorghum	Cottonseed hulls
Small grain Wheat	Bahia Bermudagrass	Wheat Barley	Peanut hulls Citrus pulp
Rye	Alicia	Oats	Brewers grains, wet
Barley	Coastal	Triticale	Poultry litter
Oats	Coastcross	Other:	Wheat midds
Sorghum (grain)	Common		Other:
Alfalfa	Tift 44	Protein Source:	
Other legume	Tift 78	Soybean Meal 48	Mineral Mixes:
Grass	Tift 85	Soybean Meal 44	Base mix
Mixed	Mixed	Cottonseed Meal	Premix
Other:	Russell	Peanut Meal	Trace-mineral mix
Correct Character	Other (specify):	Whole Cottonseed	Other:
Green Chop: Corn	Fescue/Orchardgrass Millet	Protein Supplement (% Protein)	Mixed Feeds:
Sorghum (silage)	Small Grain	(% Floteni	Complete Feed
Sorghum (snage)Small grain	Wheat	Other not listed:	(list ingredients separately)
Wheat	Rye	0 4232 220 220 4	Silage/grain mix
Rye	Barley		Silage: Grain:
Barley	Oats		
Oats	Grass/Legume Mix		
Alfalfa	% legume (est.)		
Other legume	Peanut	Please send all samples and form	ns to: For Lab Use Only
Grass	Perennial Peanut	Ag & Environmental Services	
Mixed	Other Legumes	Feed & Environmental Water	
Grass/Legume Mix	Sorghum hybrids	2300 College Station Rd	11/25/2014 Rick Hitchcock
% legume (est.) Other:	Other:	Athens GA 30602-4356	
Ouici.			

re		tion Form - Swine, Sheep, Goats,	and Deer
N		ent Information	
Name:		Date:	
Address:		Sample	e No:
City:	State: Zip:	Phone	:
Date Received in County Office	ce: County: _	Agent:	:
Signature of the county emp			
(Needed if submitted through		e check only the most important class)	
		,	
		Boars: Growing: Mature:	
Pigs: Less than 15 lb	15-20 lb 20-40 lb 40	0-110 lb 110 market 40-market	t Other
Sheep: Dry Ewes: I	Lactating Ewes: Ot	her:	
Goats: Do	eer: Other:		
	Test(s) Reque	sted (Check all appropriate.)	
F1 Hays and Silage (NI	R + nitrate + minerals)	F7 Routine Feed Analysis (Include	les minerals)
	R + nitrate, excluding minerals)	F8 Proximate Analysis (Protein, I	,
F3 Hays and Silage (NI	= :	F10 Crude Protein	, w, 1 1001, 1/1010tu10 001 1011)
	- ·		
	et Chemistry) includes minerals	F14 Nitrates	
F5 Hays and Silages (W	et Chemistry) excludes minerals	Other:	
F6 Hays and Silages (W	Vet Chemistry)	Other:	
		of Feed and Forage	
Please check the one most appr	ropriate type from the list below.		
Silage:	Hay: Haylage/baleage:	Grain:	By-products:
Corn	Alfalfa	Corn	Soybean hulls
Sorghum (Silage)	Annual Ryegrass	Grain Sorghum	Cottonseed hulls
Small grain	Bahia	Wheat	Peanut hulls
Wheat	Bermudagrass	Barley	Citrus pulp
Rye	Alicia	Oats	Brewers grains, wet
Barley	Coastal	Triticale	Poultry litter
Oats	Coastcross	Other:	Wheat midds
Sorghum (grain)	Common		Other:
Alfalfa	Tift 44	Protein Source:	
Other legume	Tift 78	Soybean Meal 48	Mineral Mixes:
Grass	Tift 85	Soybean Meal 44	Base mix
Mixed	Mixed	Cottonseed Meal	Premix
Other:	Russell	Peanut Meal	Trace-mineral mix
	Other (specify):	Whole Cottonseed	Other:
Green Chop:	Fescue/Orchardgrass	Protein Supplement	
Corn	Millet	(% Protein)	Mixed Feeds:
Sorghum (silage)	Small Grain		Complete Feed
Small grain	Wheat	Other not listed:	(list ingredients separately)
Wheat	Rye		Silage/grain mix
Rye	Barley		Silage: Grain:
Barley	Oats		
Oats	Grass/Legume Mix		
Alfalfa	% legume (est.)		
Other legume	Peanut	Please send all samples and forms to:	For Lab Use Only
Grass	Perennial Peanut	Ag & Environmental Services Laborate	
Mixed	Other Legumes	Feed & Environmental Water Laborato	
Grass/Legume Mix	Sorghum hybrids		1y Lau#
% legume (est.)	Other:	2300 College Station Rd Athens GA 30602-4356	11/05/0014 0: 1 ***
Other:		Autens GA 30002-4330	11/25/2014 Rick Hitchcock

For assistance in formulating a ration, please contact your local Extension office (1-800-ASK-UGA-1).

Feed and Forage Testing Application Form – Horses **Client Information** Name: Date: Address: Sample No: State: Zip: City: Phone: Date Received in County Office: County: Agent: Signature of the county employee: (Needed if submitted through the county extension office) **Animal Classes** (*Please check only the most important class*) Horses: Lactating ____ Creep ___ Weanlings ___ Yearlings _ Light Work Medium Work Other (Maintenance, Pregnant, Intense Work, etc.) Test(s) Requested (Check all appropriate.) F1 Hays and Silage (NIR + nitrate + minerals) F29 (F1+F28) _ F2 Hays and Silage (NIR + nitrate, excluding minerals) F30 (F2+F28) F3 Hays and Silage (NIR only) F33 (F3+F28) F4 Hays and Silage (Wet Chemistry) includes minerals F34 (F4+F28) F5 Hays and Silages (Wet Chemistry) excludes minerals F35 (F5+F28) F6 Hays and Silages (Wet Chemistry) F36 (F6+F28) F7 Routine Feed Analysis (Includes minerals) F37 (F7+F28) F8 Proximate Analysis (Protein, Fat, Fiber, Moisture & Ash) F38 (F8+F28) F39 (F9+F28) F9 Moisture, Crude Fiber, Protein, TDN F15A F7 + FatF40 (F15A+F28) F10 Crude Protein F44 Starch F14 Nitrates Ethanol Soluble Carbohydrates (ESC) F45 F28 Carbohydrates Package (Starch, ESC, WSC, Fructans, NSC) Water Soluble Carbohydrates (WSC) F46 Other: Type of Feed and Forage Please check the one most appropriate type from the list below. Silage: Hay: _ Haylage/baleage: _ Grain: **By-products:** Corn ____ Alfalfa Corn Sovbean hulls ___ Annual Ryegrass Sorghum (Silage) Grain Sorghum Cottonseed hulls ____ Bahia _ Small grain Wheat Peanut hulls _ Wheat __ Bermudagrass Barley Citrus pulp _ Rye Oats Brewers grains, wet Alicia Barley Coastal Triticale Poultry litter Coastcross Other: Wheat midds Oats Sorghum (grain) Common Other: Alfalfa Tift 44 **Protein Source:** Mineral Mixes: Other legume Tift 78 Soybean Meal 48 Grass Tift 85 Soybean Meal 44 Base mix Mixed Mixed Cottonseed Meal Premix Other: Russell Peanut Meal Trace-mineral mix Other (specify): Whole Cottonseed Other: Green Chop: Protein Supplement Fescue/Orchardgrass Mixed Feeds: (% Protein Millet Corn Sorghum (silage) Small Grain Complete Feed ____ ___ Wheat Other not listed: _ Small grain (list ingredients separately) Wheat __ Rye Silage/grain mix ___ ____ Barley _Rye Silage: Grain: Barley _ Oats Oats Grass/Legume Mix % legume (est.) Alfalfa For Lab Use Only Other legume Peanut Please send all samples and forms to: Perennial Peanut Grass Ag & Environmental Services Laboratories Mixed Other Legumes Feed & Environmental Water Laboratory Lab # Grass/Legume Mix Sorghum hybrids 2300 College Station Rd

% legume (est.)

Other:

Other:

Athens GA 30602-4356

11/25/2014 Rick Hitchcock



The University of Georgia College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences Cooperative Extension Service

SOIL, PLANT, AND WATER LABORATORY 2400 College Station Road

Athens, GA 30602

LAB #	
Received by:	
Date and Time:	

POND WATER TOXIN ANALYSIS SUBMISSION FORM

Please Note – Retain a copy of this form for your files. Submit one copy per sample.

SUBMITTING COUNTY*	Sample location (if different from client's address)	
COUNTY: Client Name: Client Address: City, State, Zip: Phone/E-mail: *Note: Test results are sent to submitting county office. Please note that test results may be available to other parties through the Georgia Open Records Act.	County: Name: Sample Address: City, State, Zip: Other Information Date Received: Sample #:	
TEST REQUES	STED (Check all that apply):	
Test 1. Water Quality and Algal Identification Two 125ml, plastic or Nalgene containers wrapped with aluminum foil Test 2. Toxin Identification and Concentration One 125ml, plastic or Nalgene container wrapped with aluminum foil Other *Note: Samples are accepted Monday through Thursday. All samples with payment must be mailed using UPS Overnight. Mail directly to: UGA Soil, Plant and Water Analysis Lab		
2400 College Station Rd.		
Athens, GA 30602		
FOR LAI	B USE ONLY	
Payment Received:	Date Returned:	
pH NO ₂ -N NH ₄ -N	Alkalinity	
E.C NO ₃ -N PO ₄		
Special Notes:		



Soil, Plant, and Water Laboratory

2400 College Station Road Athens, GA 30602-9105 Phone: (706) 542-5350; Fax: (706) 369-5734

Research Sample Submission Form

Date		Date Received:	Lab Number (s):	
Submitted:		<u> </u>		SOIL LAB USE ONLY
C 1 T			N 1 CG 1 G1	* 1
Sample Type:		(Categories listed below)	Number of Samples Subn	nittea:
Sample I.D.		(Canagorius Institut autam)		
Numbers:				
Return Result Name:	ts To: (complete	e mailing address)	Bill To : (if address different Name:	from Return to)
Department			Address:	
Name:				
Building Name:		Room#		
-			City	State Zip
(If off campus) Ci	ity State	Zip	Disposition of Sample after Ar	nalysis:
Phone:		Fax:	☐ Discard ☐ Hold	for Pickup Return
			(If samples are returned you might be b	•
Email Address:			Note on Constitute disease	
Account Name:			Note any Special Instructions:	
Account No. / Pur	rchase Order No:			
		Tests Requ	iested	
	oil	Plant	Water	Biosolids, Sludge, etc.
S1 Routine Tes S1A pH only for S2 Routine + C S3 Boron S4 Soluble Salt S5 Texture S6 Organic Ma S7 Nitrate (NO S8 Ammonium S11 Routine Pot S12 pH only for S13 Total Element S21 Carbon + N S20 Any Single	t ¹ soil EEC s tter 3-N) (NH4-N) ting Mix/Nursery ² potting mix/nursery ental Analysis	•		Biosolids, Sludge, etc. SC1 Total Minerals ⁵ SC2 Kjeldahl Nitrogen SC3 NO ₃ -N SC4 NH ₄ -N SC5 Moisture SC9 Mercury (Hg) SC17 Carbon + Nitrogen SC16 Any Single Element (in SC17) C N Other:

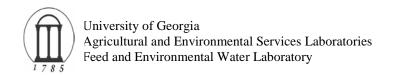
^{1.} Routine Test: pH, lime buffering capacity, P, K, Ca, Mg, Zn, Mn

Potting Mix/Nursery: for mixes which include peat, pine bark, vermiculite, etc., pH, P, K, Ca, Mg, NO₃, NH₄, Soluble Salts (reported in mmhos/cm)
 THIS TEST MAY NOT BE APPLICABLE TO A REGULAR SOIL SAMPLE

^{4.} Basic Water: pH, P, K, Ca, Mg, Mn, Fe, Al, B, Cu, Zn, Na, Cr, Ni, Mo, Si

Total Minerals (Acid Digestion): P, K, Ca, Mg, Mn, Fe, Al, B, S, Cu, Zn, Na, Si, Pb, Cr, Cd, Ni, Mo.

^{3.} Basic Plant: Total N, S, P, K, Ca, Mg, Mn, Fe, Al, B, Cu, Zn, Na, Pb, Cr, Cd, Ni, Mo



Phone: 706-542-7690 Fax: 706-542-1474

Sampling Instructions: Total Coliform and Escherichia coli in Drinking Water

Please remember to provide the information requested on the next page of this form.



If submitting samples for EPD compliance monitoring, do not use this form. Please contact the lab for the appropriate form.

- 1. Samples are accepted for analysis on Monday through Thursday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. If you need a next day shipping label from us, please add an extra \$10 to the actual fee of \$36 required for the laboratory test. Please make checks out to UGA-FEW Lab. Payment is due upon receipt of sample unless prior arrangements are made.
- 2. Samples must be accepted for analysis within 24 hours of the collection time. Therefore, collect and ship samples on the same day. If using overnight shipping, please collect and send samples on Monday through Wednesday only.
- 3. If you have shock chlorinated your well you must wait until the chlorine has dissipated before collecting sample.
- 4. Completely fill out the information requested on the opposite side of the form.
- 5. Select an inside faucet that is clean not leaking.
- 6. Remove any faucet attachments such as filters, aerators, screens, splashguards or water-saver valves.
- 7. Sanitize the faucet inside and out by dipping the faucet neck into undiluted chlorine bleach (do not use color-safe bleach).
- 8. Open tap fully and flush the faucet and pipes by running water for 3 minutes. If sampling from a faucet that mixes hot and cold water, run hot water for 3 minutes, then cold water for 3 minutes. Do not turn off the water, but reduce the flow to avoid splashing.
- 9. Uncap the sample bottle without touching the inside of the cap or bottle, fill the bottle above the 100 mL line, but not completely full and recap. Please note that the white substance in the bottle is a dechlorinating agent. Fill the bottle only once; do not rinse.
- 10. Place sample in the same box, seal sample box, affix UPS shipping label and call UPS at 1-800-742-5877 to determine your local pick-up/drop off place and time for "Next Day Air" packages. Or hand deliver to the Ag Services Lab, 2300 College Station Rd, Athens.

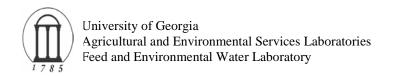


Fax: 706-542-1474



If submitting samples for EPD compliance monitoring, do not use this form. Please contact the lab for the appropriate form.

Ir	Submission Form: Total Coliform and <i>I</i> astructions for collecting and delivering the same		
Client Information: County Extension Office:			
		Sample Location (if different from clien	t address):
Signature of the county employee: (Needed if submitted through the county exter	nsion office)		
Name:		County: Street:	
Street:		City, State, Zip:	
City, State, Zip:		Lab use only:	
Phone:		Lab # FEW:	
Fax:		Date/Time Received:	
E-mail:		Carrier:	
Sample Information:		Chlorine (Y / N):	
Date/Time Sampled:		Chlorine (1714).	
Constants		Accept/Reject (A / R):	
Sample ID:		Paid (Y / N):	
Well Diameter:	Well Depth:		
		Special Notes:	
Date of Last Shock Chlorination (if applicable):		D. to /Time April 1	
Year Drilled: Pump Age:		Date/Time Analyzed:	
	_r 	Results (MPN/100mL):	
Comments:		Total Coliform :	Escherichia coli:



Fax: 706-542-1474

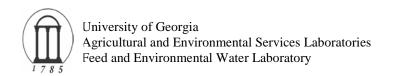
Sampling Instructions: Escherichia coli in Recreational Water

Please remember to provide the information requested on the next page of this form.

- 1. Samples are accepted for analysis on Monday through Thursday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. If you need a next day shipping label from us, please add an extra \$10 to the actual fee of \$36 required for the laboratory test. Please make checks out to UGA-FEW Lab. Payment is due upon receipt of sample unless prior arrangements are made.
- 2. Samples must be accepted for analysis within 24 hours of the collection time. Therefore, collect and ship samples on the same day. If using overnight shipping, please collect and send samples on Monday through Wednesday only.
- 3. Provide the information requested on the opposite side of the form.
- 4. Select the appropriate sampling area needed to obtain a representative sample for the recreational use of the water. If you need help selecting a sampling location, contact your county extension agent or the FEW Laboratory.
- 5. Uncap the sample bottle without touching the inside of the cap or bottle, collect the water sample by holding the bottle near its base and plunging it, neck downward, below the surface. Turn bottle until neck points slightly upward and mouth is directed toward the current. If there is not current, create a current artificially by pushing the bottle forward horizontally in a direction away from hand. Collect the samples approximately 0.3 m or 1 ft below the water surface.
- 6. The white substance in the bottle is a dechlorinating agent. Please do not rinse the bottle.
- 7. It is best to take samples during a range of environmental and climatic conditions, especially during times when maximal pollution occurs.
- 8. Place sample in the same box, seal sample box, affix UPS shipping label and call UPS at 1-800-742-5877 to determine your local pick-up/drop off place and time for "Next Day Air" packages. Or hand deliver to the Ag Services Lab, 2300 College Station Rd, Athens.

Fax: 706-542-1474

Submission Form: Escherichia of Instructions for collecting and delivering the san	
Client Information:	
County Extension Office:	Sample Location (if different from client address):
Signature of the county employee: (Needed if submitted through the county extension office)	
Name:	County: Nearest Street:
Street:	City, State, Zip:
City, State, Zip:	Lab use only:
Phone:	Lab # FEW:
Fax:	Date/Time Received:
E-mail:	Carrier:
Sample Information:	Accept/Reject (A / R):
Date/Time Sampled:	Acceptive jett (A / K).
Sample ID:	Paid (Y / N):
Type of Surface Water (Pond, Stream, etc):	Special Notes:
Sampler's Name:	
	Date/Time Analyzed:
	Results (MPN/100mL):
Comments:	Escherichia coli:



Fax: 706-542-1474

Sampling Instructions: Total Coliform and Escherichia coli in Crop Protection and Irrigation Water

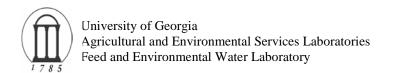
Please remember to provide the information requested on the next page of this form.

- 1. Samples are accepted for analysis on Monday through Thursday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. If you need a next day shipping label from us, please add an extra \$10 to the actual fee of \$36 required for the laboratory test. Please make checks out to UGA-FEW Lab. Payment is due upon receipt of sample unless prior arrangements are made.
- 2. Samples must be accepted for analysis within 24 hours of the collection time. Therefore, collect and ship samples on the same day. If using overnight shipping, please collect and send samples on Monday through Wednesday only.
- 3. Provide the information requested on the opposite side of the form.
- 4. Select the appropriate sampling area needed to obtain a representative sample of the crop protection or irrigation water. For either irrigation or crop protection water from either a well or surface source, collect the sample at the point of use, just prior to application in the case of irrigation or in the case of crop protection water, just prior to filling the spray tank. If you need help selecting a sampling location, contact your county extension agent or GAP auditor.
- 5. Fill the bottle completely, leaving only a small air space.
- 6. The white substance in the bottle is a dechlorinating agent. Please do not rinse the bottle.
- 7. Place sample in the same box, seal sample box, affix UPS shipping label and call UPS at 1-800-742-5877 to determine your local pick-up/drop off place and time for "Next Day Air" packages. Or hand deliver to the Ag Services Lab, 2300 College Station Rd, Athens.



Fax: 706-542-1474

	sion Form: Total Coliform and Eschericht structions for collecting and delivering the sa	ia coli in Crop Protection and Irrigation Wample are on the previous page of this form.	ater	
Client Information:				
County Extension Office:				
Signature of the county employee: (Needed if submitted through the county extension office)		Sample Location (if different from client address):		
Name:		County:		
Tunie.		Nearest Street:		
Street:		City, State, Zip:		
City, State, Zip:		Lab use only:		
Phone:		Lab # FEW:		
Fax:		Date/Time Received:		
E-mail:		Carrier:		
Sample Information:		Chlorine (Y / N):		
Date/Time Sampled:		Sinorine (1717).		
Community ID		Accept/Reject (A / R):		
Sample ID:		Paid (Y / N):		
Surface or Well Water:				
		Special Notes:		
Type of Surface Water:		Date/Time Analyzed:		
Well Diameter (if applicable): Well Depth (if applicable):				
\ 11 /		Results (MPN/100mL):		
Comments:		Total Coliform :	Escherichia coli:	



Fax: 706-542-1474

Sampling Instructions: Total Coliform and *Escherichia coli* in Water from a Georgia GAP Fruit and Vegetable Facility Please remember to provide the information requested on the next page of this form.

- 1. Samples are accepted for analysis on Monday through Thursday from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. If you need a next day shipping label from us, please add an extra \$10 to the actual fee of \$36 required for the laboratory test. Please make checks out to UGA-FEW Lab. Payment is due upon receipt of sample unless prior arrangements are made.
- 2. Samples must be accepted for analysis within 24 hours of the collection time. Therefore, collect and ship samples on the same day. If using overnight shipping, please collect and send samples on Monday through Wednesday only.
- 3. If you have shock chlorinated, wait until the chlorine has dissipated before collecting sample.
- 4. Completely fill out the information requested on the opposite side of the form.
- 5. Select an inside faucet that is clean not leaking.
- 6. Remove any faucet attachments such as filters, aerators, screens, splashguards or water-saver valves.
- 7. Sanitize the faucet inside and out by dipping the faucet neck into undiluted chlorine bleach (do not use color-safe bleach).
- 8. Open tap fully and flush the faucet and pipes by running water for 3 minutes. If sampling from a faucet that mixes hot and cold water, run hot water for 3 minutes, then cold water for 3 minutes. Do not turn off the water, but reduce the flow to avoid splashing.
- 9. Uncap the sample bottle without touching the inside of the cap or bottle, fill the bottle above the 100 mL line, but not completely full and recap. Please note that the white substance in the bottle is a dechlorinating agent. Fill the bottle only once; do not rinse.
- 10. Place sample in the same box, seal sample box, affix UPS shipping label and call UPS at 1-800-742-5877 to determine your local pick-up/drop off place and time for "Next Day Air" packages. Or hand deliver to the Ag Services Lab, 2300 College Station Rd, Athens.



Fax: 706-542-1474

Packing	g Facility, Field-Pack Operation	on, or Worker	Vater from a Georgia GAP Fruit and Hygiene Process (Circle all that A erare on the previous page of this for	apply)
Client Information:				
County Extension Office:				
Signature of the county employee: (Needed if submitted through the county extension office)		Sa	Sample Location (if different from client address):	
Name:			County:	
			reet:	
Street:		Cı	ty, State, Zip:	
City, State, Zip:		La	ab use only:	
Phone:		La	Lab # FEW:	
Fax:		Da	Date/Time Received:	
E-mail:		Са	nrrier:	
Sample Information:		Cl	nlorine (Y / N):	
GCIA or GFVGA rep:		CI	Cinornic (1 / 14).	
•		Ac	Accept/Reject (A / R):	
Date/Time Sampled :		Po	Paid (Y / N): Special Notes:	
Sample Identifier (circle sample type at the t	op of the page):	ra ————————————————————————————————————		
		Sp		
Well Diameter:	Well Depth:	<i>-</i>	. m	
	Carrage (V or N).	Da	Date/Time Analyzed:	
Depth to Water:	Screens (Y or N):	Re	esults (MPN/100mL):	
Year Drilled:	Pump Age:	To	otal Coliform :	Escherichia coli:



AESL - FEW Sample Submission Form for: Total Coliform and *Escherichia coli* in Drinking Water for <u>Compliance/Regulatory</u> Purposes

Attention: Instructions for collecting and delivering the sample are on the opposite side of this form.			
Client Name and M	lailing Address:	For Repeat	Samples Only:
name:		Previous Positive Log	g#:
street:		Repeat Location 1	Type (check one below)
city, state, zip:		Same Location as Positive:	Upstream (within 5 connections):
daytime phone:	() -	Downstream (within 5 connections):	Fourth Repeat Sample:
fax:	() -	Lab ı	use only:
e-mail:	@	Transit Water Temp. (<10°C)):°C
Sample Informatio	n:	Lab # FEW:	
county:		date/time received and received by:	
	/		
Collected by (Name):		county contact:	
System ID Number:		chlorine (Y/N):	
Name of System:		accept/reject (A/R):	
Sample Type (circle):	1-Routine 2-Repeat 3-Replacement 4-Source Approval 5-Special 6-GWR Source 7-GWR Repeats		
	1-Entry Point 2-Tap in Distribution System 3-End Point 4-Source Intake	check#/cash:	
Sample Locatio	n Code (from sample site plan):	analyzed (date/time):	
	Chlorine Residual at Tap (Y/N):	special notes:	
SIGNATURE of Sender _		Date:	

Sampling & Shipping Instructions: Total Coliform and Escherichia coli in Drinking Water

ATTENTION: Please remember to provide the information requested on the opposite side of this form.

- 1. Samples are accepted for analysis on **Monday through Thursday** from 8:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. If you need a next day shipping label from us, please add an extra \$10 to the actual fee of \$36 required for the laboratory test. Please make checks out to UGA FEW Lab.
- 2. Samples must be accepted for analysis within 24 hours of the collection time. Therefore, plan ahead by pre-selecting a day and time to collect your sample that will allow for shipping or travel time.
- 3. If you have shock chlorinated your well, you must wait until the chlorine has dissipated before collecting the sample.
- **4.** Completely fill out the information requested on the opposite side of the form. *Essential information must be completed for the sample to be accepted.
- 5. Select an inside faucet that is clean and not leaking.
- 6. Remove any faucet attachments such as filters, aerators, screens, splashguards, or water-saver valves.
- 7. Sanitize the faucet inside and out by dipping the faucet neck into undiluted chlorine bleach (do not use color-safe bleach).
- 8. Open tap fully and flush the faucet and pipes by running water for 3 minutes. If sampling from a faucet that mixes hot and cold water, run hot water for 3 minutes, then cold water for 3 minutes. Do not turn off the water, but reduce the flow to avoid splashing.
- 9. Uncap the sample bottle without touching the inside of the cap or bottle, fill the bottle above the 100 mL line, but not completely full and recap. Please note that the white substance in the bottle is a dechlorinating agent. Fill the bottle only once; do not rinse.
- 10. Important: The sample (especially source water) should be immediately placed in a cooler with ice and transported to the laboratory for analysis. Frozen samples will not be accepted. Surface water samples will be flagged if >10 ℃ unless collection time is less than 2 hours.
- 11. Seal the shipping container, affix the UPS shipping label and call UPS at 800-742-5877 to determine your local pick-up/drop off place and time for "Next Day Air" packages OR hand deliver to the Agricultural and Environmental Services Lab, 2300 College Station Road, Athens.



The University of Georgia College of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences Cooperative Extension Service

Crop & Environmental Quality Lab 2300 College Station Rd. Athens, GA 30602 706-542-9023

LAB USE ONLY	LAB#
Date Received:	
Received By:	
Date Reported:	
Invoice #:	
Invoice Amount:	

UGA Lab Onion Flavor Testing Submission Form

Please retain a copy of this form for your files. Submit one copy per sample.

Grower Name: P	hone:	Cell:		
	Email:			
Sample ID: Cour	County:		Submission Date:	
Additional Information (Optional)				
Onion Information	Were the sample	es (circle one):		
Onion variety:	fresh pulled	field dried	artificially dried	
Date transplanted:	Season-long fertility program: N fertilizer applied, lb N per acre:			
Previous crop on collection field:	P fertilizer applied, lb P ₂ O ₅ per acre:			
Soil Information				
Soil test results prior to planting (if available):	K fertilizer applied, lb K ₂ O per acre:			
Soil Lab Number:	S fertilizer applied, lb S per acre:			
P (lb/A)				
K (lb/A)				
Soil type:				
Irrigation (approximate inches applied this calendar year):				
Date of last application of any fertilizer material (nitrogen or otherwise):				
Any environmental stress (heat, moisture, drought, disease, other):				
Comments:				

RADON IN WATER SAMPLING INSTRUCTIONS AND SUBMISSION FORM

Overnight mailing (preferably using the enclosed UPS label) required

Agricultural and Environmental Services Laboratories (AESL), University of Georgia Cooperative Extension, 2300 College Station Road, Athens GA 30602 (706) 542-7690/9023

If you use our next day shipping label, please add an extra \$10 to the actual fee of \$30 required for the laboratory test. Please make checks out to UGA-AESL. Payment is due upon receipt of sample unless prior arrangements are made.

Supplies Needed:

- 1) Two clear glass 25 mL sample bottles with cap and foil liner, 2) Sealable plastic bag
- 3) Sample Submission Form (page 2), and 4) UPS mailing label

Sample Collection Procedure

- 1) Remove aerator (if present) from faucet. Flush the system running cold water for 15 minutes before taking sample. Decrease the flow to moderate (non-turbulent) for the final minute. Collect the water sample following 'submerged bottle method' as described below:
 - Collect gently flowing water into bowl over one side with minimal disturbance.
 - Submerge the entire sample bottle and the lid under water and allow bottle to fill.
 - Cap bottle while still under water and turn it upside down.
 - If air bubbles are present, empty the vial and try again until air bubbles are no longer observed. Repeat with second bottle.
- 2) Place bottles in plastic bag and seal well.
- 3) Complete sample submission form and send to the laboratory by *OVERNIGHT MAIL* for analysis. This may be arranged through the local County Extension Office.





Agricultural and Environmental Services Laboratories (AESL)

2300 College Station Road Athens, GA 30602-9105

Phone: (706) 542-7690/9023 Fax: (706) 542-1474

SUBMISSION FORM: RADON IN DRINKING WATER ANALYSIS

Please provide all requested information when submitting your water samples

Name:	Phone:	
County Name and Signature of the county Agent/Employee:	: (Please e-mail t	he report to both client and agent
(Needed if submitted through the county extension office)		
Mailing Address:		
Email Address:		
Sample Collection Address (If different from	mailing address): Well Depth:	
County (Where sampled):		
BOTTLE #1 COLLECTION DATE:	TIME:	AM/PM (circle)
BOTTLE #2 COLLECTION DATE:	TIME:	AM/PM (circle)
What is your reason for testing?:		
How did you learn of this service?:		
The UGA Cooperative Extension offers RADO County Offices. If you have not tested your hor		
Comments (if any):		